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**COMMENT OF THE DAY**

**UN Korea Command**

TWO innovations now appear to be reasonably certain to result from the visit to Korea and Tokyo of Lord Alexander and Mr. Selwyn Lloyd. One is the appointment of a senior British officer to act as General Mark Clark's deputy in the United Nations Far East Command; the other, establishment of political liaison between UN headquarters in New York and General Clark's military administration. According to a Washington correspondent, the UN Commander-in-Chief in Tokyo has been gravely handicapped by lack of expert political advice, and the conviction appears to be growing, other than in British quarters, that it is time he had advisers available for immediate consultation. Behind the purely military commitments of the United Nations in Korea lurks the unstable political situation in Pusan. The attempted assassination of Dr. Syngman Rhee underscores the current tension in South Korea. General Clark, we imagine, would be one of the first to welcome the appointment of sound political advisers.

THE reactions of General Omar Bradley as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, as well as State Department officials, to the suggestion that a British officer be appointed deputy to General Clark are certain to give satisfaction in London. It is a liaison which is bound to be proved mutually beneficial and can be expected to eradicate the danger of future misunderstandings between Washington and London on the conduct of the Korean war. Whether the Pentagon will be prepared to go so far as agreeing to the establishment of an additional headquarters at the rear of the fighting lines, directed by British Commonwealth personnel, is probably unlikely, although there is cogency in the argument that such a move would materially assist General Van Fleet who already has the onerous task of directing the UN forces in the field. The main consideration is to achieve the maximum amount of unity in the United Nations military and political undertakings in Korea, and anything which will contribute to this end is to be welcomed.

**Plane Seized By Refugees**

**Hold Crew At The Pistol Point**

Rome, June 26.

Three armed refugees today seized a Yugoslav airliner in flight and landed it in Italy with 19 other passengers and five crew members on board.

Vilim Inkret, 35-year-old mechanic, who was once a sergeant in the Yugoslav Air Force, piloted the plane to freedom.

His companions, Josip Tever and Bogdan Zigic, both 22, held the passengers and crew at pistol point until Inkret had made a perfect landing on a disused airfield at Foligno, 72 miles northeast of Rome.

Saying that they were "afraid of Tito", the three refugees asked political asylum of the Italian police.

The Italian Foreign Ministry authorised the police at Foligno to allow complete freedom of movement to all who wished to return home.

The plane left Belgrade 8 a.m. local time, landed briefly at Zagreb and left again about 9.30 a.m.

**DOOR SMASHED**

Ten minutes after the plane left Zagreb, the three men produced pistols and ordered everyone, including a pretty air hostess, to put their hands up. The next step was to smash in the door of the control cabin with an axe and to hold up the pilot, co-pilot and radio operator.

Inkret then took over the controls.

Feeling unsure of himself in dense cloud over the Adriatic Sea, Inkret ordered one of his companions to force the co-pilot to sit beside him and help with the controls.

He intended to make for Bologna. He lost his way over central Italy and made for the first field he saw.

In a press communique, the Foreign Ministry said the Yugoslav Legation had demanded "release" of the plane and that "release" had been granted.

A report said there were several University professors and a high Yugoslav officer among the passengers.—Reuter.

**EXECUTION DATE ANNOUNCED**

Washington, June 26.

August 1 was set today as the execution of Oscar Collazo, the Puerto Rican who tried to kill President Harry Truman nearly 20 months ago.

Collazo, unsuccessful in appeals from conviction of murder of a White House guard, was brought into US District Court and told of the time fixed for him to die in the electric chair.—Associated Press.

**H.K. Military Chief May Be**

**Appointed Mark Clark's Deputy**

**EDEN, ACHESON CONFER ON SUBJECT**

Lieut-General Sir Terence Airey, KCMG, CB, CBE, Commander British Forces, Hongkong, is being mentioned by informed circles in London as the possible choice of the British deputy to General Mark Clark, United Nations Supreme Commander in the Far East, according to a French Press Agency report.

It is pointed out in the London despatch that General Airey served with General Clark during the last war, when he was a member of General Clark's staff in Italy.

Meanwhile other London reports state that both Mr. Acheson and Mr. Eden have made progress towards reaching an agreement on the subject of appointing a British deputy to General Mark Clark.

Mr. Acheson also addressed 200 members of Parliament in London yesterday when he explained to them that it was unfortunate accident which prevented the British Government being informed in advance of the plan to bomb the Yalu River hydro-electric power plants.

**IN AGREEMENT**

London, June 26.

The United States Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, and the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, were believed to be in agreement on the need to appoint a British deputy to the United Nations Supreme Commander in Korea, General Mark Clark, after their meeting at the Foreign Office here today.

It was understood in diplomatic quarters here that the talks between Mr. Eden and Mr. Acheson on the improvement of political and military liaison in Korea made excellent progress.

A communique issued after the afternoon meeting, which marked the end of this week's bipartite Anglo-American talks, said, "Mr. Eden and Mr. Acheson and their advisers discussed the position in South-East Asia and Korea, including the question of liaison on the political and military spheres in connection with operations in Korea."

Officials here indicated that they also discussed the prospects of an armistice and the political situation in South Korea.

Besides officials, Mr. Eden was assisted this afternoon by the Minister of State, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, who has just returned from a tour of Korea and Japan in which he accompanied Lord Alexander, the Defence Minister.

**CABINET DECISION**

Usually well-informed sources believe that Mr. Eden indicated to Mr. Acheson that the British Cabinet, after hearing a report from Lord Alexander, had decided officially to propose the appointment of a British deputy to General Mark Clark.

The precise powers of the deputy have not yet been worked out, but a decision in principle is believed to have been taken.

It is expected that this will receive full American support. Usually well-informed diplomatic quarters believe here that an official announcement will be made next Tuesday when Lord Alexander is to report to the House of Lords on his Korean tour and the House of Commons is to debate Korea.

Mr. Eden is believed to have discussed with Mr. Acheson the possibility of improving political contact between the two Governments on Korean policy in addition to the appointment of a British deputy commander. While the appointment of a British deputy would go far to prevent Britain from being left in ignorance of such decisions as that to bomb the power plants south of the Yalu, which raised a political storm in Parliament this week, it would not necessarily ensure that the British Government would be consulted about military decisions with important political implications.

**BRITISH REQUEST**

In diplomatic quarters here it was believed that Mr. Eden today made it clear to Mr. Acheson that Britain expects to be consulted and not merely informed about military decisions which might have critical political repercussions.

British opinion has been disturbed by the bombing this week of the great Suho power plant in North Korea some of whose capacity is used to supply electricity in Manchuria.

Today's meeting between Mr. Eden and Mr. Acheson is the third of a series of three talks between the Ministers which



LT-GENERAL AIREY

have concerned Germany, the Middle East and the Far East.

Tomorrow, the Ministers will be joined by Mr. Robert Schuman, the French Foreign Minister, who is arriving here tonight.

Their first task will be to agree to the text of the impending Western note to Russia on Germany.

**"DEADLY DANGER"**

The periodical "Tribune", which reflects the view of the Bevanite group in the Labour Party, commented today that "a new situation of deadly danger has been created" by "the wanton and irresponsible attack" on the Yalu plants in North Korea.

In a leading article entitled "The Korean Catastrophe", it said that the Chinese had every right to conclude that the raid was a deliberate act of United Nations policy and to draw the further deduction that the United Nations did not desire a truce.

"From this point of reckoning it is quite possible that general war may be renewed," the Tribune wrote.

"Once that happens it will not be easy to prevent an extension of hostilities beyond the Korean frontiers"—Reuter.

**APOLOGIES**

London, June 26.

U.S. Secretary of State Dean Acheson apologised to about 200 members of the British Parliament today of the failure to notify Britain in advance of the American bombing of the Yalu River plants, informed sources said.

Acheson spoke for 20 minutes to a group of MPs and Lords. It was a private meeting. Among those attending was left-wing Labourite Aneurin Bevan.

"The group is a loosely knit one. It is known as the British-American Parliamentary Group, whose members are particularly interested in Anglo-American relations."

The source said Mr. Acheson told them that American Generalissimo had intended to tell the British Defence Minister, Field Marshal Lord Alexander, in Washington about the plan to bomb the Yalu River power plants.

But, added the source, there was a "mis-communication". The "Up-and-Down" in the mix-up Lord Alexander was not notified.

Lord Alexander and Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, British Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, the No. 2 man to Foreign Secretary Eden, arrived in Washington last Saturday. The bombings were on Monday.

The source said that Mr. Acheson said he was sorry that neither had been told about the attack on the power plants. Apparently, the informants added, there was confusion about who should have told them, indicating that the State Department thought the Defence Department had, and that the Defence Department thought that the State Department had.

Mr. Acheson told the British Parliamentarians that the bombing was justified on military grounds, saying the plants produced 40 per cent of North Korea's power.

After his speech, thanks were voted by those attending and Mr. Acheson was applauded.—Associated Press.

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**8 Wounded In Kentucky Prison Riot**

Eddyville, Kentucky, June 26.

Eight prisoners were wounded by gunfire in a riot at the Kentucky State prison today.

The convicts were looting the Commissary of Food.

Two guards were grabbed as hostages, but later released, one of them injured.

Fred McCassey, foreman of the prison clothing factory, was reported missing.

More than 75 of the prison's 1,000 prisoners, many of them hardened convicts, were holding out in the clothing factory and recreation hall of the stone, fortress-like penitentiary.

All the State police in western Kentucky were summoned to the penitentiary. At Frankfort, the State capital, State Police Commissioner Guthrie Crowe said a riot of undetermined proportions was going on at the prison. An uprising began among the prisoners late last night and was quelled after four hours. But later another broke out.—Reuter.

**GAOL DISTURBANCE**

Tunis, June 26.

Police stood by inside the Tunis civil prison today to prevent a possible mutiny after a disturbance which began in the women's section of the prison.

Women prisoners were heard shouting "Long live Bourguiba"—the name of the Nationalist leader interned on the island of Sanite, off the Tunisian coast.

The excitement spread to the men's section and men prisoners began a hunger strike.

Police guards stopped relatives taking food to prisoners.—Reuter.

**Polio In America**

Washington, June 26.

America had 421 cases of infantile paralysis last week—an increase of 43 per cent on the previous week.

The total more than doubled the 211 cases reported for the same week of 1951 and far exceeded the five-year average of 309 cases a week between 1947 and 1951.—Reuter.

**Mass Arrests In S. Africa**

**SEQUEL TO NON-VIOLENCE CAMPAIGN**

Johannesburg, June 26.

Seventy-eight coloured people, including an Indian and an African leader and a white ex-MP, were arrested today, first day of the non-European campaign of non-violent defiance of Prime Minister Daniel Malan's "unjust race laws."

Mr. Nana Sita, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, was one of 47 Indians and Africans arrested at Boksburg, Indian and native location about 20 miles from here, after 50 volunteers to the campaign marched on this reef town intending to enter the location without permits.

Mr. A. Sissulu, General Secretary of the African National Congress, was arrested outside the location entrance, charged with being within a municipal area without a pass.

The campaign on "non-violent" lines was called by African and Indian leaders on May 31 against the "racial segregation and the of fascism sweeping through South Africa." They urged non-whites throughout the Union to "rise in their united millions" and fixed today for the start of volunteer action to repeal "discriminatory laws."

**FIRST INCIDENT**

At 2 a.m. local time, 28 African men and two African women used a "white only" entrance at Brighton station, Fort Elizabeth, in the first reported incident of the campaign.

Africans in a train gave the clenched fist salute and shouted "Mayibuye O Afrika" ("Come back Africa") while the 30 volunteers were in discussion with a party of armed police which met them.

A group of Africans later pushed past the police and crossed a "white only" bridge into a street. There they were ordered into two police vans and taken to a charge office. The whole incident lasted ten minutes and there was no violence.

Fifty volunteers marched on the town of Boksburg, about 20 miles from here, and Yusuf Cachalia, Joint Secretary of the South African Indian Congress, handed a letter to Magistrate J. G. Louw announcing that volunteers would enter the native and Indian location without permits.

In Johannesburg, African and Indian volunteers, meeting in a city hall, listened to an appeal for the maintenance of order from Mr. Nana Sita, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress.

Later they were divided into three groups, each with a leader, and ordered to march to a point outside the city.

The volunteers wore the colours of the African National Congress—gold for wealth, green for the land, and black for the coloured race.

All was quiet at Bloemfontein today and police said they expected the campaign there to begin on Saturday.

In Capetown, Malan Khan, recently deprived of his House of Assembly seat under the Suppression of Communism Act, was arrested today in the precincts of the city hall. He represented the natives of Western Cape Province.—Reuter.



Top picture shows the oil tanker, *Rose Mary*, which has been ordered to remain at Aden for a month under an injunction granted to the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company. Above, Capt. Giuseppe Infrate, master of the detained tanker.—Reuter-photos.

**MOSSADEGH'S DECISION**

Teheran, June 26.

Premier Mossadeqh will definitely resign as soon as Parliament becomes a functioning body, a government spokesman said here today.

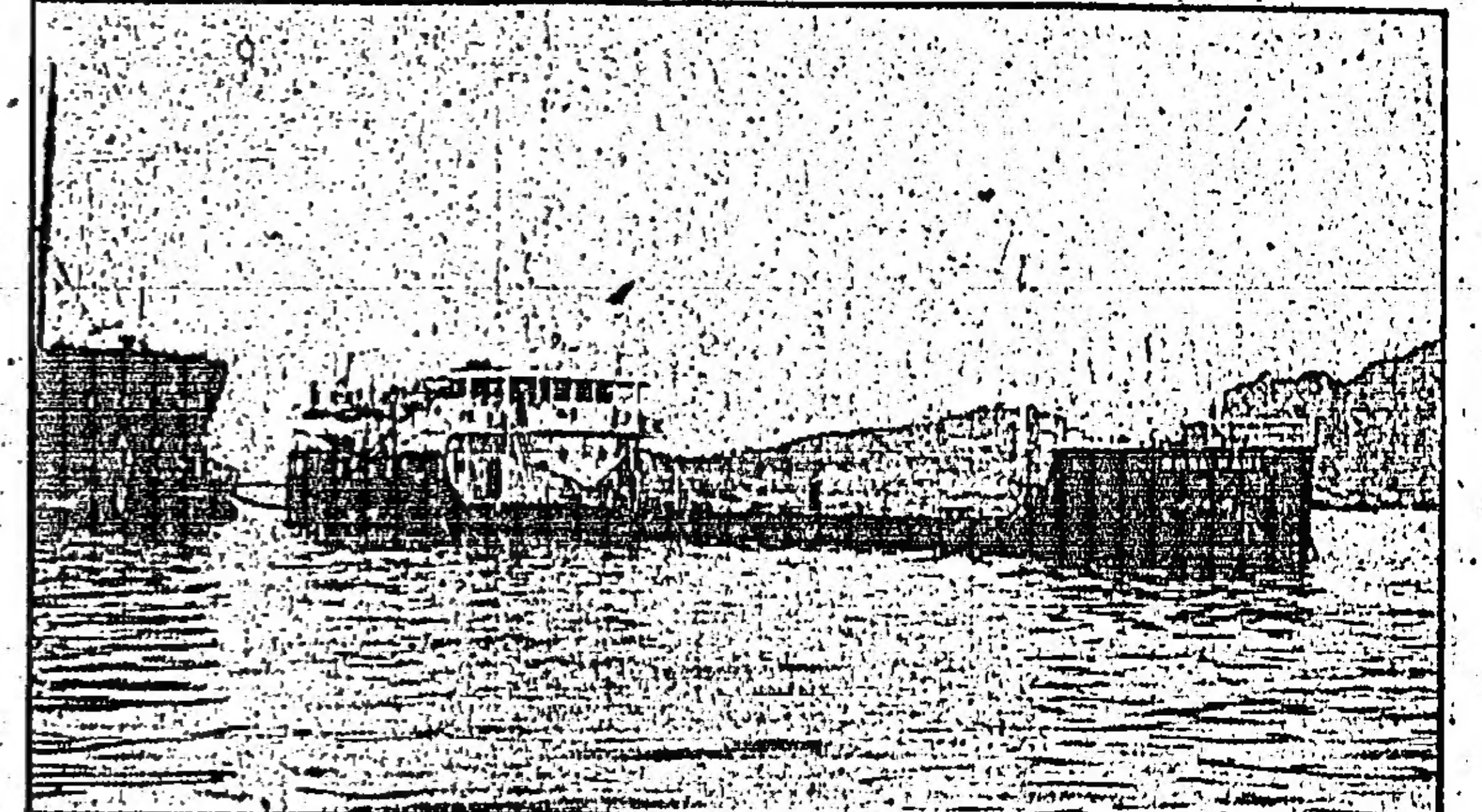
The Majlis is still not a functioning body because the credentials of deputies elected at the elections last December have not been approved.

The spokesman did not give any indication of Dr. Mossadeqh's political plans, and did not say whether he was willing to accept reappointment.—Associated Press.

The British Army announced said Blakely, of the First Battalion, the King's Regiment, went Absent Without Leave on November 8, 1951.

He "surrendered himself to Headquarters British Troops, Berlin, on Monday, June 2, and is now in close arrest in Berlin awaiting disciplinary action," the announcement said.—Associated Press.

**Oil Tanker Detained**



**DESERTER SENTENCED TO GAOL**

Berlin, June 26.

An American soldier who broke army gaol and fled to the Russian zone of Germany was convicted as a deserter today and sentenced to five years hard labour.

A court martial found Private Ray D. Schultz of Batavia, New York, guilty of prison escape, robbery, assault, and desertion. He was under charges of robbing a German tank driver at the time he and two companions broke out of the army stockade last December.

Schultz was represented by two Russians in an official letter to US forces as seeking political asylum in the East. Schultz told the court today that this was untrue, that they were forced to sign statements dictated by Russian officers to that effect.

The two other soldiers who were with Schultz in the escape are still apparently in the Russian zone. They are Privates Charles J. Stett of Decatur, Illinois, and Sidney Sparks of Teanille, Georgia.

A British soldier who the Russians claimed sought asylum in East Germany has returned voluntarily to his unit in Berlin. British authorities announced today.

The soldier is Private Joseph Blakely, 22, of Staplehurst Avenue, Newton East, Manchester.

The British Army announced said Blakely, of the First Battalion, the King's Regiment, went Absent Without Leave on November 8, 1951.

He "surrendered himself to Headquarters British Troops, Berlin, on Monday, June 2, and is now in close arrest in Berlin awaiting disciplinary action," the announcement said.—Associated Press.

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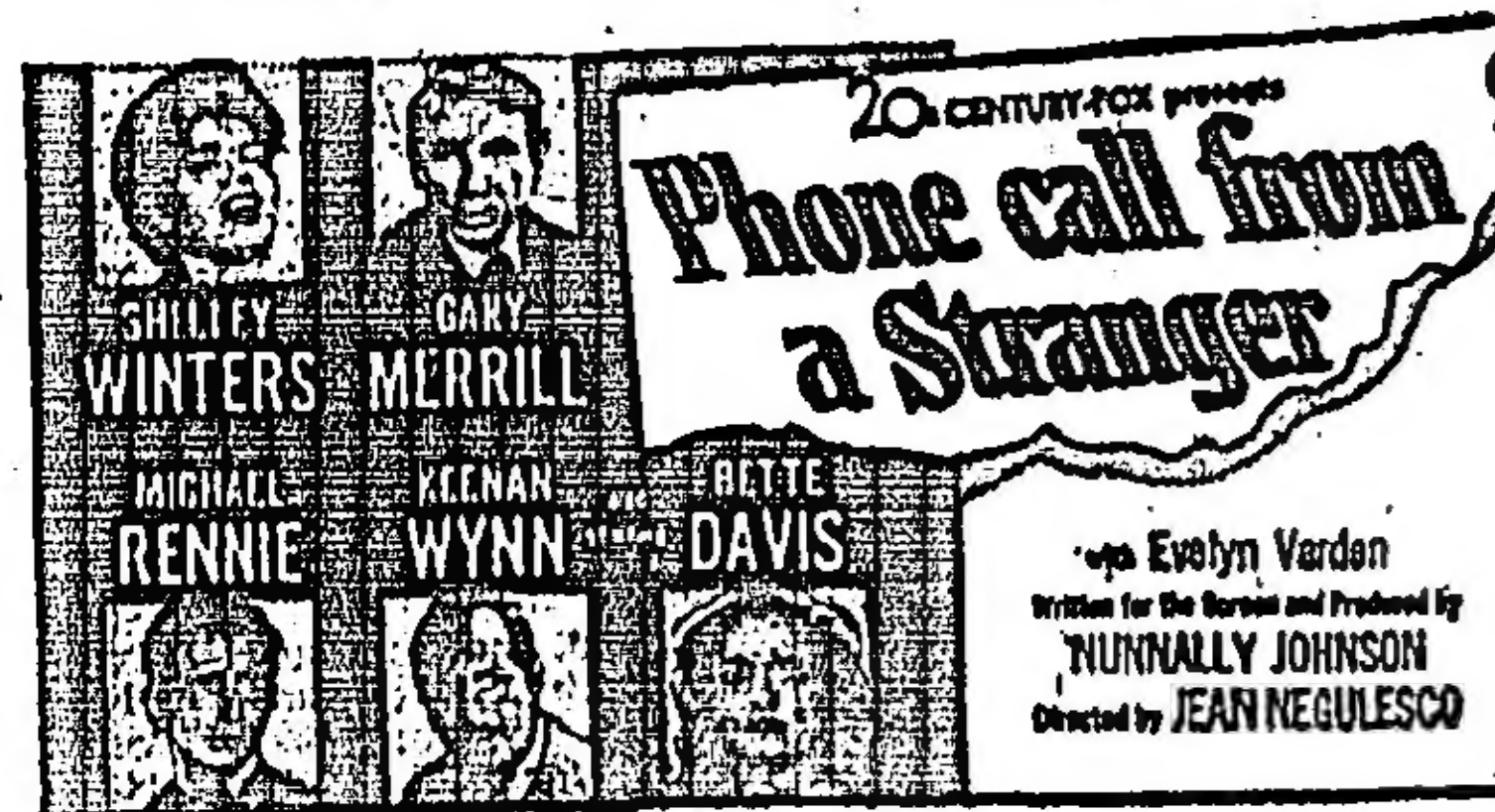


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Next Change: "BITTER RICE"

## Russian Demand Rejected

### DEFEAT OF U.N. RESOLUTION

United Nations, June 26.  
The Security Council today refused to support a Soviet demand that all nations in the world should ratify the Geneva protocol of 1925 banning the use of gas and germ warfare.  
The Soviet resolution to this effect was defeated in the Council by a vote of one in favour (USSR) and ten abstentions.  
The United States and other members of the Council had stated in earlier meetings of the Council that they thought the protocol was no longer effective because of many reservations made by signatory States.  
Mr. Jacob Malik, Soviet President of the Council, said that today's vote showed that once more "the American-British bloc placed on the books one more page to show how the United States opposes the cause of international peace and security."  
The Soviet resolution asked the Council to appeal to all States, whether members or not of the United Nations, to accede to and ratify the Geneva protocol.

Mr. Ernest Gross, United States, said the vote had shown the "council" which ten members of the Council felt for the "futile and vain trick" which the USSR had attempted to play in the Council. The vote was also a "symbol of unity which will not crack and strain, whatever the efforts of the USSR to confuse and divide and terrorize the free world."

NOT FOOLED  
Mr. Gross said that public opinion in the United States and the free world "abhorred" the necessity of using germ weapons and was dedicated to efforts to eliminate these weapons of mass destruction.

Mr. Gross thought that the vote in the Council might have been influenced by the "crude and obvious fraud" of the Soviet Union in pretending that the ratification of the Geneva protocol had nothing to do with Communist charges of germ warfare.  
"No one was fooled," Mr. Gross said.  
In view of the "comical" rejection of the Soviet proposal by the Council, Mr. Gross said, he would not press his motion to refer the Geneva protocol question to the Disarmament Commission.

The matter would in any case be discussed in the Commission, Mr. Gross said.

## Cable Strike In Greece

Athens, June 26.

The Greek telegraph and Cable and Wireless personnel's three-day strike, as announced, is on as from 5 a.m. GMT (2.00 p.m. H.K. time) today. Telephone and telegraphic communications inside Greece and with abroad are completely paralysed. Cable and Wireless is operating a skeleton staff for official work only and is also accepting brief cables from foreign correspondents, Associated Press.

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## Queen Of Greece Visits Turkey



Queen Frederika of Greece during her visit to Ankara, Turkey, made many visits to hospitals, schools and orphanages and here talks to wounded Turkish soldiers back from the Korean front.—Express Photo.

## Recruiting Drive In Australia For The Services

Melbourne, June 26.

Defence authorities in Australia are facing up to the prospect that their plan to have 184,000 trained fighting men available for overseas service by the middle of next year will misfire.

They see little chance now that the country's armed forces will reach the minimum level of preparedness set by the Federal Government for 1953.

A concerted drive is under way, however, to get as near to the target as possible.

The recruiting campaign has been intensified with emphasis on more military parades. Publicity has been given to women who have been influencing their menfolk against joining up.

Enlistment figures show that the weak spot in the defence programme is not with the regular air force, army or navy, but with the reserve forces.

Recruits have been flowing in according to plan for the permanent elements of all three services. But defence leaders say that these regulars are not backed by anything like sufficient volunteer reserve forces for rapid expansion in an emergency.

Lieutenant-General Sir Horace Robertson, Australia's hard-hitting Director General of Recruiting, has warned the nation that if war broke out in the near future, this country would be forced to go through the same dangerously slow procedure, followed in other wars, of raising, training and equipping expeditionary forces after the war has started.

## KOREA VOLUNTEERS

In the past 15 months the Royal Australian Navy (R.A.N.), the Royal Australian Air Force (R.A.A.F.) and the Army have enlisted nearly 20,000 regulars. This is considered to be the most they can absorb and train without over-draining industry's manpower.

There has been no lack of volunteers, either, for the fighting war in Korea. Indeed, the army now has a bigger bank of recruits than it will need to reinforce Australia's two battalions operating with the United Nations forces for some time to come.

The stage has even been reached at which a decision will have to be made whether recruiting is to be halted or a third battalion raised.

Two-thirds of the target of 184,000 trained fighting men for general defence were to be drawn from the Citizen Military Forces, the R.A.A.F. Active Reserve and the R.A.N. Reserve—part-time servicemen who could undergo training without affecting the country's economy.

But few of the half million men in the 19 to 26 age groups have volunteered for service on these conditions.

## "SHIRKING DUTY"

General Robertson, formerly Commander-in-Chief of the British Commonwealth Occupation forces in Japan, declared publicly that "these men are shirking their duty" by not attempting to join the citizen forces.

"If only one in ten of that half million came forward to do his bit we would show the world that we are determined to hold this country against aggression," he said.

Recruiting officers argue that to belong to the reserve forces calls for no great sacrifice by a young Australian.

Officers conducting the recruiting campaign say that reluctant mothers are a big factor in the poor response. They have now set out to convince the womenfolk that trained men are safer in an emergency than raw recruits.

At present, 10,000 18-year-old Australian youths are undergoing compulsory training each year, but unless they volunteer to do so they need not serve outside Australia.

Australia has so far opposed conscription for overseas service.

There have been 2,879 enlistments in the Australian forces over the last 15 months from Britain but immigrants from most other countries have been barred because of the difficulty and delay in screening volunteers as a security check.—Reuter.

## MacArthur Dismissal Recalled

Washington, June 26.  
The White House said today that President Truman was not influenced in any way by Britain in his dismissal of General Douglas MacArthur.

"No foreign government was responsible for or ever influenced the decision of the President to recall General MacArthur," said the White House Press Secretary, Mr. Joseph Short.

"That was made abundantly clear in the testimony of Secretary of Defence Marshall at the time of the Congressional hearings on the whole matter."

Asked whether the British had asked the President before April 11, 1951, to recall General MacArthur, Mr. Short said no such request had been made.

Asked whether the British had protested against the Allied advance to the Yalu River in November 1950, Mr. Short said, "I haven't checked that point. My understanding is that they made no protest on anything."

As to statements by the former British Defence Minister, Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, Mr. Short said: "We don't have a transcript of what was reported to have been said and we don't comment on unofficial reports about purported statements of members of foreign governments."—United Press.

## Steel Strike Affecting Army Supplies

Washington, June 26.  
The Army announced today that the three-week-old strike of 630,000 steelworkers has stopped the delivery of some types of vehicles.

The production of certain other equipment, including light tanks, is expected to stop within a few days, the Army added.

Meanwhile, the Defence Production Administration (DPA) reported that America was now producing about 800 planes a month for the Air Force, two-thirds of the projected monthly output.

The Administration announced that warplane production last month reached 100 per cent of the schedules set by the Defence Department and mobilisation agencies.

For the next few months total output of all types of military aircraft is due to exceed an annual rate of 10,000 and during 1953 will climb to an annual rate of about 15,000.

"This level will be maintained until our needs are met," the Administration reported.—Reuter.

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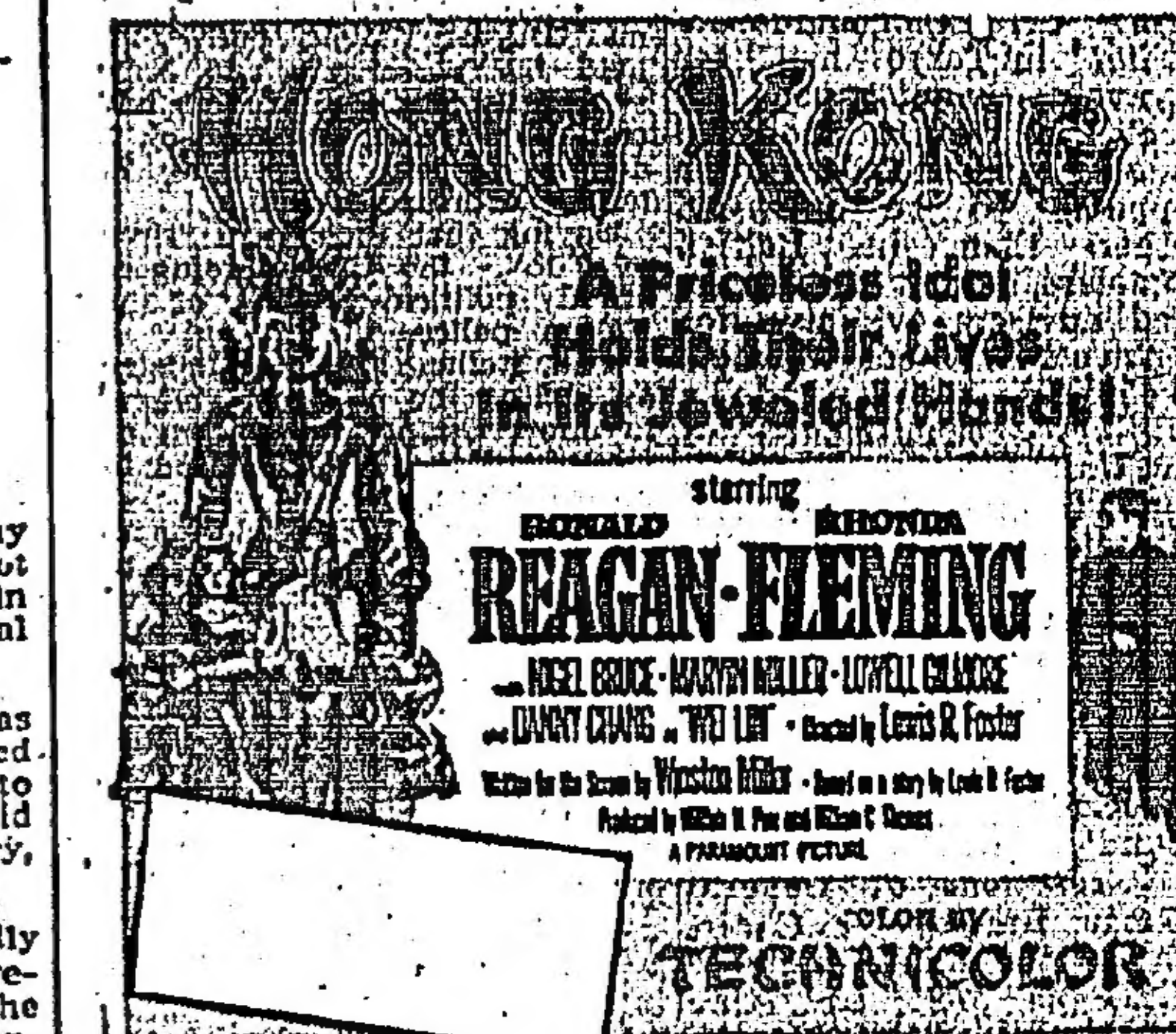
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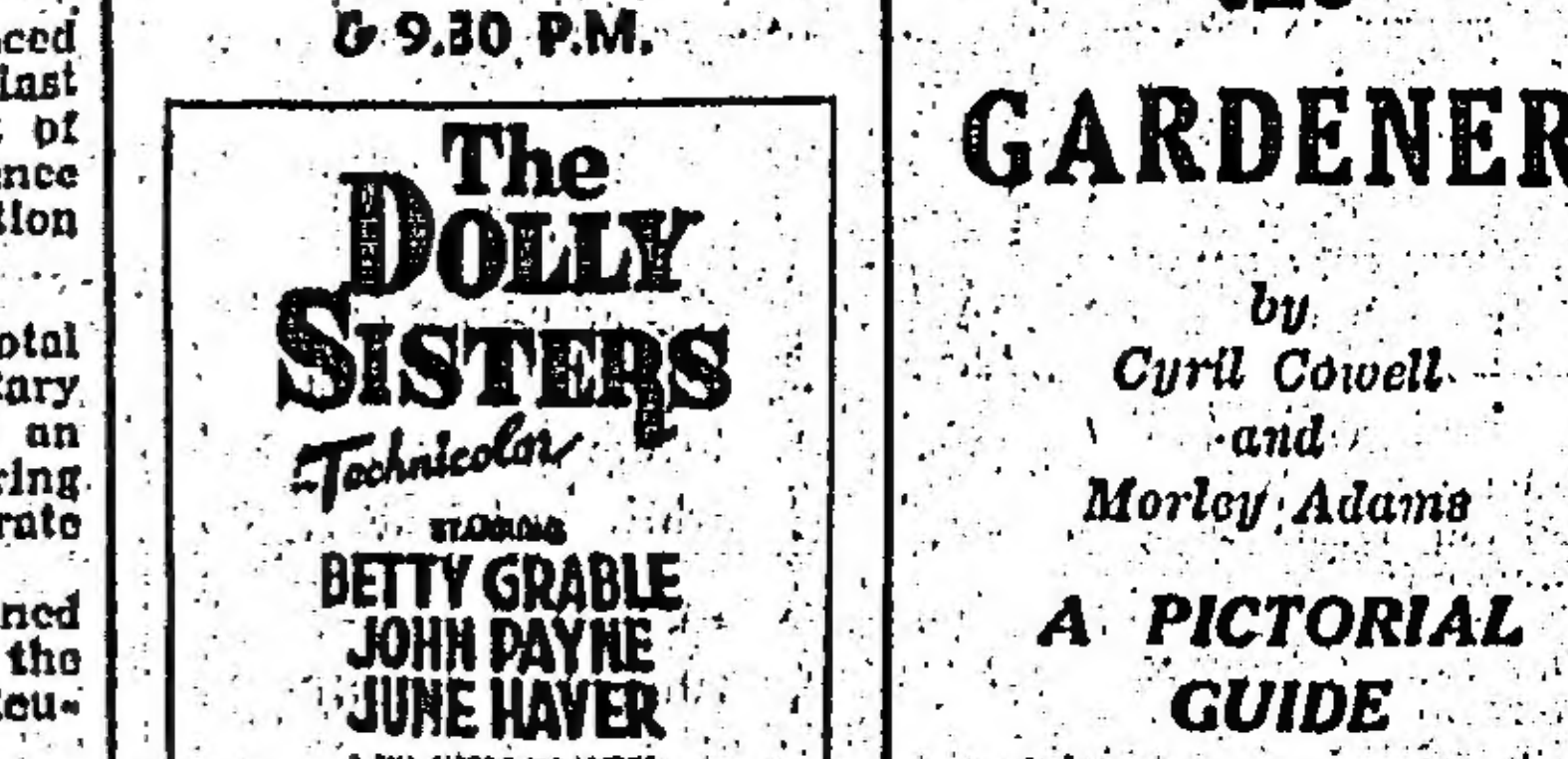


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## Mystery Radio Sends Out False Report

Stockholm, June 26. An unidentified radio station today claimed that another Swedish aircraft had been shot down, the Swedish Defence Staff announced, but official investigations showed that no military or civil aircraft was missing.

The broadcast was repeated half an hour later.

The messages were picked up not only by Swedish radio stations but also by a Swedish civil aircraft on its way to Gothenburg.

Attempts are now being made to identify the station. It is not known whether the messages were transmitted from Sweden or from outside the country.

## INGRID TO CONTINUE HER FIGHT

Rome, June 26. Ingrid Bergman, mother of week-old twin, said tonight she will go to the United States if necessary in her fight for Summer visits from her first-born daughter, Pia.

A Los Angeles court this week turned down her plea that her 13-year-old first daughter come to Italy to see her and her two half-sisters.

The usually shy Swedish-born film star, who has been in the United States since her husband's death, said: "After three years of silence, I am fighting to get part of my daughter."

She denied bitterly that she had abandoned Pia, and said she had turned over a large part of her fortune to Dr. Peter Lindstrom, her former husband, and also given part of it to Pia.

"I do not regret that," she insisted.

She said, "I want Pia to visit me here so she can see for herself how my married life is."

Pointing to her film director husband, Roberto Rossellini, Ingrid said: "She can ask any question about my falling in love with him."

"I'll give her an explanation. She is entitled to know. At her age now, some of it she will understand and some of it she will not."

"But in any case it is wrong for Peter to frighten her..."

—Associated Press.

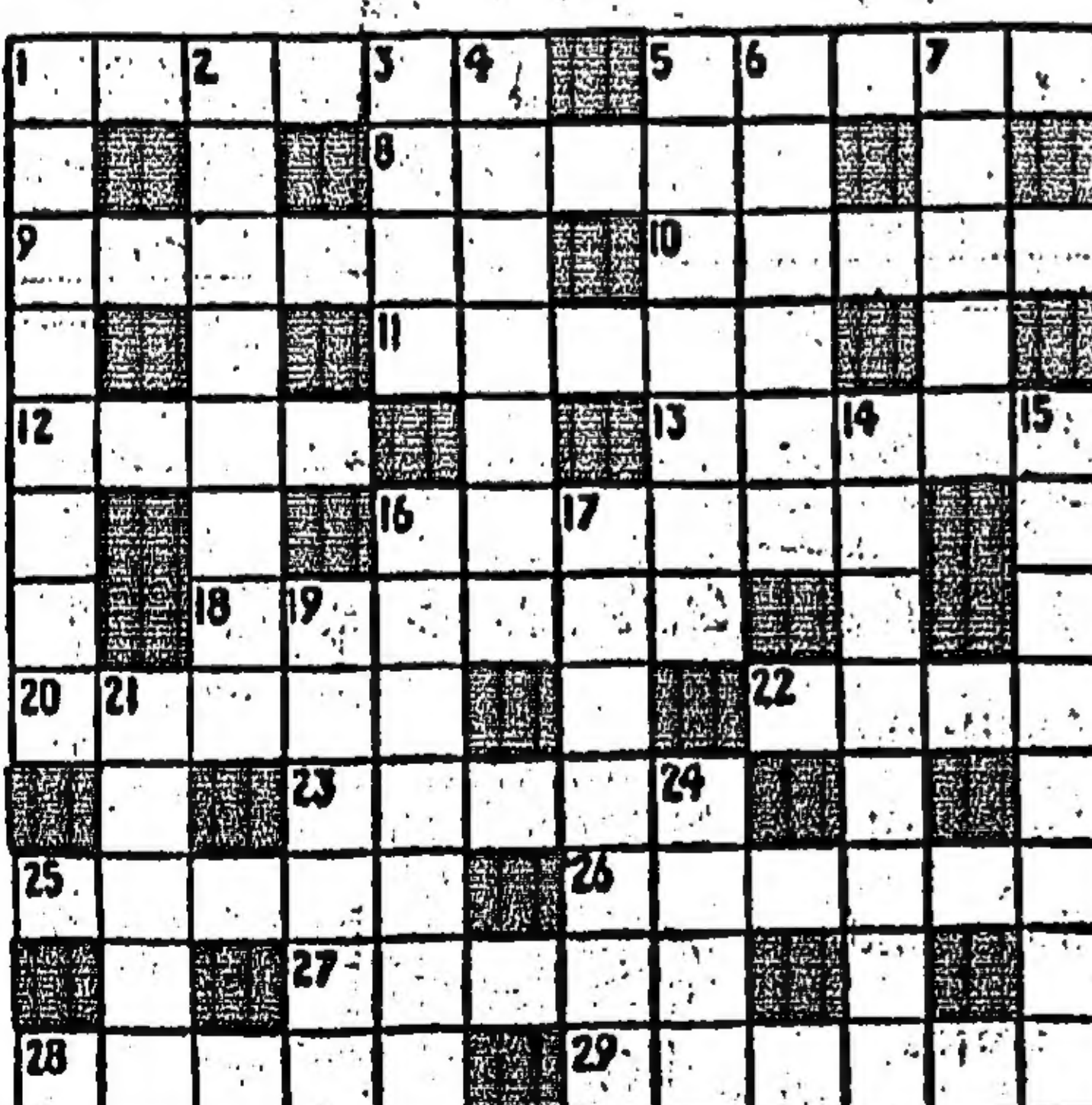
## ISRAEL TURNS TO CANADA

Toronto, June 26. Israel turned to Canada today for financial help to develop her rubber plantations.

The Israeli Government will float a \$7,000,000 bond issue this autumn, Edward Golber, Canadian President of the Zionist Organisation, announced.

—United Press.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



### ACROSS

- 1 Inland water (4)
- 2 Garden plant (5)
- 3 Sheep (5)
- 4 Sweetheart (4)
- 5 Old coin (5)
- 6 Heatate (5)
- 7 Unusual (4)
- 8 Amphibious creature (5)
- 9 Fuddle (5)
- 10 Degrees (5)
- 11 Direct (5)
- 12 Volcano (5)
- 13 Top room (5)
- 14 Ramp (5)
- 15 Bird (5)
- 16 Went astray (5)
- 17 Drives on (5)
- 18 Protect (5)

### DOWN

- 1 Used on a bed (5)
- 2 Right to vote (5)
- 3 Chilled (4)
- 4 Applauded (7)
- 5 Strenuous (7)
- 6 Accelerates (7)
- 7 Wriggled out of (5)
- 8 Feeler (5)
- 9 Stayed behind (5)
- 10 Exchanges (7)
- 11 Deserved (7)
- 12 Harvester (5)
- 13 Flower (5)
- 14 Cipher (4)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 3 Mass; 7 Fiery; 9 Epic; 10 Cordial; 12 Spar; 15 Insect; 16 Step; 18 Insect; 21 Utter; 22 Area; 23 Topos; 24 Hard; 26 Reddence; 30 Amid; 31 Term; 32 Lured; 33 Pink. Down: 1 Divot; 2 Erudite; 4 Agile; 6 Sore; 8 Vile; 11 Inert; 13 Piece; 14 Rite; 16 Tired; 17 Rush; 18 Sire; 20 Needful; 22 Ape; 24 Orator; 25 Crown; 27 Ape; 28 Damp.

# Mr. Lyttelton Defends The Administrative Officer In Colonies GROWING IMPORTANCE

London, June 26.

Nothing could be more mistaken, said the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr Oliver Lyttelton, than a tendency in Colonial territories, particularly in West Africa, "to imagine that the technical officer alone is the answer to their problems."

Mr Lyttelton was addressing the annual dinner of the Corona Club. With other members of the Colonial Service present were three Governors—Sir Hilary Blood (of Mauritius), Sir Gerald Reece (Somaliland Protectorate), and Sir Ralph Hone (North Borneo)—and a former Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr A. Creech Jones.

Giving a few impressions of his recent visit to West Africa, Mr Lyttelton dealt in particular with the position and prospects of the Colonial Service in these territories.

"I freely admit," he said, "that in conversation African Ministers and political leaders lay particular stress upon their need for technical officers and upon technical help. They have, unlike me perhaps, almost too great a reverence for experts and for those who have a large number of letters after their names. They do not, perhaps fully realise that politics and the art of administration are the highest activities in which the human brain and genius can occupy itself."

"In an age of specialisation, the value of the statesman, the politician, the administrator, has grown rather than diminished. Not only has he now to deal with all the political problems which may have pressed upon our forefathers, but since civilisation has become so much more complicated, he has to try and guide the use to the best advantage, of the ingenious instruments which our scientists and technicians have created."

### ASTONISHING FACT

"I think it will be remarked by historians of the future how the 20th century produced a positive flood of new devices for the creation of wealth or for the convenience of humanity, but I think they will remark how astonishing it is that so little time should have been devoted to how to use these inventions to our best advantage."

The Secretary of State, referring to the technical officer alone as the answer to problems, said: "The whole prospect of the advance in self-government for these Colonies, which is still in the experimental stage, depends upon the administrative officers first and the technical officers second, feeling that they are not only needed, but wanted."

"African Ministers will readily acknowledge these facts in private but Civil Servants in the field are, I think, unduly impressed by much of the propaganda which is still being conducted in some of the territories against the so-called expatriate officers. Now I have

told African Ministers time and again during my tour and quite straight out that they will not maintain the efficiency of the Administration, they will not grow to the full responsibility of self-government unless they publicly and by positive statements in the Legislatures, in the Press and above all in the Districts themselves make it clear that European officers have for a great many years to come, far more than the lifetime of the career of any officer, great tasks to perform and a great mission to fulfil."

### DEEP PRIDE

"I do not want to be fulsome, but no one who looks across the African bush or the plantations and the mines of Malaya, who sees the struggle for political expression and expansion, can have any other feeling but one of deep pride in our fellow countrymen in the Colonial Service who are not only making land which never bore anything for the good of its inhabitants turn to useful and fruitful production, but who are by their example in health and education and in politics giving an example to mankind of the goals to which they should press forward."

Mr Lyttelton concluded by saying: "In the short time that I have had the honour to be the Secretary of State I am lost in admiration for the work that is being done by the Colonial Service."

"I can think of no career which should appeal more to the best of our young men than that in which so many of you here to-night have served and are serving."—London Express Service.

## FRANCE REPORTS JOURNALIST

London, June 26. The Foreign Office awaited a report today from its Embassy in Paris on reports that the French Government had asked a Pakistani journalist, I. Khan, to leave the country.

A Foreign Office spokesman said Britain was interested because Khan holds a British passport.

—Associated Press.

# Italian Has Plan To Deliver Persian Oil Supplies

Copenhagen, June 26.

A slim, moustached Italian in a silver grey suit sat in a pleasant Copenhagen office today and excitedly disclosed how he intends to foil the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and deliver 2,500,000 tons of Persian oil to purchasers throughout the world.

He was Signor Luigi Amenduni, owner of an international trading company and self-confessed chief organiser of Persia's attempt to break the virtual British blockade against her oil.

He told the Associated Press that he was prepared to sell practically unlimited quantities of oil to private and government purchasers at 25 per cent below the market price.

But, he stressed, he would make no deals with Russia or other Communist-dominated countries.

"I have been approached on several occasions by Soviet agents," he said. "I told them they could not have one drop of oil as my contract with the Persian Government forbade me to sell to Iron Curtain countries. When they suggested that we might make a hidden deal by delivering the oil through Italian agencies in Western Europe, I refused to consider the idea. The Persians will not let me sell to the Communists, so I am not going to. That is final."

Asked about reports that American interests were behind the attempt to market Persian oil, Signor Amenduni without a moment's hesitation answered: "That is right. There are Americans behind it. I have

## US Firm's Plan For Formosa

Taipei, June 26. The Reynolds Aluminium Corporation of America was reported here today to have approached the Chinese Nationalist Government for investment in Formosa's aluminium industry.

Reports, which have not been confirmed, said the American firm is planning to invest US\$18 million here and is making contacts for a joint corporation in Formosa.

—Reuter.

## Election Candidates Spent Less

London, June 26. Despite forecasts that it would be Britain's costliest general election, last October's Parliamentary poll was cheaper than the 1950 and 1945 elections as far as candidates' expenses went.

The total of candidates' expenses were £240,918 in Great Britain and Northern Ireland compared with £1,170,124 in 1950 and £1,073,216 in 1945.

There were fewer candidates than in 1950—1,376 as against 1,868—and their costs averaged about £238 per candidate compared with £260.

In October there was one candidate whose total expenses came to £21, and they are under the heading of Personal Expenses. This candidate was Mr William Brownrigg Farmer, who fought for Penrith with a programme calling for "legalised cock fighting, sweepstakes, card playing and gambling." His £21 brought him 158 votes, but he lost his deposit.

—Reuter.

## Contestants For Beauty Title



Miss Finland, Miss Great Britain, Miss Sweden and Miss Denmark, elected to represent their countries in the "Miss Universe" world beauty contest, shown at London Airport as they left for Hollywood in search of the title, a US\$5,000 prize and a six-month film contract.—Express Photo.

# Washington To Support New Reform Plan For Tunisia

Paris, June 26.

The United States will support France's newest Tunisian reform programme in the hopes that it will bring calm to the troubled North African protectorate.

While admitting that the plan to give Tunisians a greater share in their government does not go as far as the nationalists would like, American officials felt that it would strengthen the French hand against the African-Asian bloc in its attempt to raise the issue in the United Nations.

Seventeen nations have voted in favour of a special United Nations General Assembly session on the Franco-Tunisian dispute. Thirty-one votes are needed.

France and Britain opposed the issue. The last time it was raised, the United States abstained.

American circles said that Tunisians cannot expect United States support this time if they

## KING TALAL RETURNING TODAY

Lausanne, June 26. King Talal of Jordan will leave Lausanne on the Simplicon Express tomorrow morning for Venice, in Italy.

The King last night had a 15-minute telephone talk with Queen Zaira, who is in a Lausanne clinic. She refused to see him.

Tawfiq Pasha, the Jordan Prime Minister, will leave by air for Amman on Saturday night.

The King is expected to take ship from Venice to Beirut.

Queen Zaira will remain in Switzerland for the time being. The King, who is suffering from schizophrenia (split mind) is understood to have agreed to undergo medical treatment either in Amman or Beirut.

Tawfiq Pasha said yesterday that King Talal would return to his country as King, but a Crown Council will act on his behalf.

Prince Hussein, five-year-old son of King Talal, said good-bye to his father today and went to live with Queen Zaira.

The little Prince has been living with his father and a nurse in a hotel for the past three weeks. One of King Talal's principal diversions appeared to be car rides with the Prince during his stay here.

A King Talal will be the guest at a reception tonight given by the United Nations and the Arab League here.—Reuter and Associated Press.

## Senora Peron Sinking

Buenos Aires, June 26. A woman deputy, knelt down in Congress yesterday, prayed for the recovery of Senora Eva Peron, wife of the Argentine President, and then fainted.

According to usually reliable sources yesterday, Senora Peron is deteriorating fast, but no medical bulletins have been issued.

Some 800 masses for Senora Peron's recovery are to be said simultaneously in all Argentine hospitals on Friday morning by order of the Minister of Health.—Reuter.

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## ACHESON STATEMENT

Diplomatic circles said that the United States Secretary of State, Mr Dean Acheson, discussed the reforms with Schuman when he was in Washington last week.

These circles said that the American opinion at present is that the United States could not approve extremist views for a Tunisian solution—either of the nationalists or of conservative French residents in North Africa who have asked Mr Schuman if his plans meant the eventual "eviction" of all French residents.

The Nationalist Neo-Destour Party's Political Committee has called the new programme "nothing but a re-statement of the unacceptable plan" offered at the beginning of April.—United Press.

## TUNIS INQUIRY

Tunis, June 26. The Bey of Tunis today asked the Malte Isard, a Paris barrister, to watch his interests in the judicial inquiry undertaken by the French authorities into an alleged poisoning attempt at the Bey's palace.

The inquiry was opened at the Bey's request after the arrest by the Bey's guards of a Tunisian merchant who had a white powder in his possession.—Reuter.

## Italian Senate President

Rome, June 26. The Italian Senate today elected Signor Giuseppe Paratore, a 75-year-old Sicilian lawyer, as its President to succeed Signor Enrico de Nicola, who resigned last week in a controversy between the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies over alleged discrepancies in the wording of a bill.

Signor de Nicola, 74, was Italy's first President of the Republic after the war. Signor Paratore headed the Senate's Finance Commission. He was Treasury Minister before the advent of Fascism.—Reuter.

## TV's Biggest Hook-Up

London, June 26. Viewers throughout Britain's four television areas will see what French viewers are seeing—17 programmes in all, showing Paris, Parisians and Paris life.

Later it is intended to reverse the process and let Paris see British television programmes.

The programmes will be transmitted simultaneously from seven stations—Europe's biggest television "hook-up" yet.—Reuter.

## New Kind Of Barter Deal Envisaged

Ottawa, June 26.

A swap-deal, which will send 40,000,000 lbs of beef and pork to Britain this year, may be the forerunner of new food deals between Canada and the United Kingdom, food officials said.

One produce which Britain might take would be several million pounds of instant pork for which Canada might accept Sterling payment or sell at such a low rate that Britain would be able to finance dollars.

Also being studied are cheese and additional wheat purchases. "We are exploring every avenue for additional food sales," Mr J. G. Tupper, deputy Minister of Agriculture, said.

Canada is confronted with a glut of many foods which means the Federal Government will either have to sell these items for what they will bring or make an outright gift of them. Under the circumstances, Canada will probably be prepared to make any deal which secures to Britain that it can accept. Minimum or even no dollar payments would be involved.

## Ten Years Wait For Atom Power

London, June 26. A forecast that it will be 10 years before scientists can say whether the atomic generation of power will be economic is contained in the first "full" report on the work of the Harwell establishment since its inception in 1946.

It is estimated that to supply Britain's present annual electricity consumption of 39,000 million kilowatt hours, about 600 atomic tons of uranium would be required yearly. The cost will depend largely on the expense of extraction from low-grade ores, the only source of such large supplies.

Unless this can be done cheaply, power from fissionable energy may never be economic.

Within the next three to five years, different types of experimental reactor will be completed, followed by tests lasting up to five years. The results of the tests may be the most crucial in the economic history of the 20th century.

(Harwell, the British Atomic Energy Research Establishment, 1946-1950). Stationery Office, 2s.)

# FURTHER AID CUTS PROPOSED

## Action By House Of Representatives

Washington, June 26. The House of Representatives Appropriations Committee today recommended a 25 per cent cut in the additional funds asked for by the Government for foreign aid, the armed forces, atomic energy and other purposes.

The proposed total reduction, which amounts to \$3,407,554,000, will be discussed in the House tomorrow and later in the Senate.

The new funds asked for are additional to the appropriations which have already been considered or actually allocated for the present year.

The Defence Department, which had asked for \$2,093,008,440 for its construction programmes, was recommended for a reduction to \$2,187,899,940.

The proposed reduction for the foreign aid programme was from a total of \$6,526,000,750 to \$3,275,940,750. This was considerably less than had been expected.

### INDIRECT PLEA

Today, the Appropriations Committee made an indirect plea to Congress not to make further cuts in funds for economic aid abroad.

It pointed out that the money for this purpose was for "defense support" and led to increased output of arms overseas. Further cuts, it said, would be short-sighted.

Funds recommended by the Committee for European defence support included: \$280 million for France, \$14 million for Denmark, \$77.5 million for Italy and Trieste, \$56.4 million for the Netherlands, \$7 million for Norway, \$100,000 for Iceland, \$113 million for the German Federal Republic, \$104,288,000 for Greece, \$49 million for Turkey, \$81 million for Austria, \$55 million for Yugoslavia and \$40 million for Great Britain.

Almost half of the \$202,778,250 recommended for economic and technical aid for Asia and the Pacific was allotted to Formosa, headquarters of the Chinese Nationalist Government.—Reuter.

## Peking's Trade With Ceylon

Colombo, June 26. Communist China, now the second biggest buyer of Ceylon's rubber, has made direct efforts to develop trade with the island.

To date it has bought rubber through Hongkong agents contacting local shippers. Today three members of the semi-official Bank of China, B. H. Yan, K. C. Lee and M. Yang, left Ceylon for India after talks with local businessmen and trade officials which, it was claimed, had "successfully settled their problems."

They had discussed a two-way trade with Ceylon in which mainly rice would be exchanged for rubber.

Before their departure, they met executives of the semi-official Bank of Ceylon and discussed the possibility of paying for Ceylon rubber in rupees acquired through the sale of rice.

Elliharto, the Chinese have been paying in Sterling, of which Ceylon has an excess. In Parliament last week, the Commerce Minister, Mr R. G. Sennayake, said that, while he would not negotiate with China on a government basis, there was nothing to prevent the Chinese coming to Ceylon to buy and sell goods.—Associated Press.

## Calls For A Crusade

Brussels, June 26. Mr Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, today called for a "crusade against man's secular ills—poverty, illness, and human misery."

"This is an invitation to the civilised world to act while there is still time," he said.

Mr Lie urged immediate increased efforts to raise the standard of living of underdeveloped nations.

"If this is not done, the action in favour of peace in another field will be gravely hampered. This action will become unworthy and may be impossible." Mr Lie was speaking at Brussels University where he received an honorary degree.—Associated Press.



*Some things must be done—*



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## A LITTLE FIT OF PIQUE IN OLD PERU

From R. M. MacColl

Washington. WHEN first I came to this fascinating country a quarter of a century back a bandit named Sandino was making merry down in the Central American Republic of Nicaragua.

And, more or less as a matter of course, the U.S. Marines, fabled in song and story, were sent into that sovereign State to take care of him. Nobody thought twice about it.

Well, things have changed a great deal since then because the U.S. realised that it was to her interest to ally the fears, jealousies, and prejudices which the "Latinos" south of the border entertained about "the Colossus of the North."

This policy proved very successful. A new era of "good neighbourliness" dawned and Americans, no longer feared and envied, found themselves liked and admired.

ALL THIS reached its culmination during the last war, when Nelson Rockefeller (yes, a member of the famous clan) did a bang-up job of fostering good relations down Mexico way.

But now America finds, to her dismay, that an ebb tide has set in. It is part of the price of being transformed almost overnight into a great world power.

This is the trouble: Latin Americans are chafing that America "has her eyes fixed only on Europe and the Far East and has no time for her sister nations nearer home."

THE New York Times sends a reporter down to find out what the score is and he reports "amalgamating resentment throughout South America."

Highlighting the general feeling is an article in the leading paper of Peru's capital city, Lima. It says: "The constructive inter-American policy of Franklin Roosevelt has stumbled disastrously during the administration of Truman."

BLACK VELVET bathing suits for women are selling well. Price: £10 14s.

AT LEAST one of Washington's women taxi-drivers takes her three-year-old son round with her on the front seat. She says: "He loves it—and, brother, it solves the baby-sitter problem."

THE PROBLEM of the "wet-backs"—thousands of illegal immigrants who swim the Rio Grande from Mexico to try to find farm work in the U.S.—becomes so acute that Congress grants money to build two huge detention camps near Brownsville, Texas, and San Isidro, California.

YOU have heard of Public Enemy No. 1—but even New York's case-hardened Magistrate John Murtagh was amazed at the record of 37-year-old Joseph Doran, called in court "Traffic Enemy No. 1."

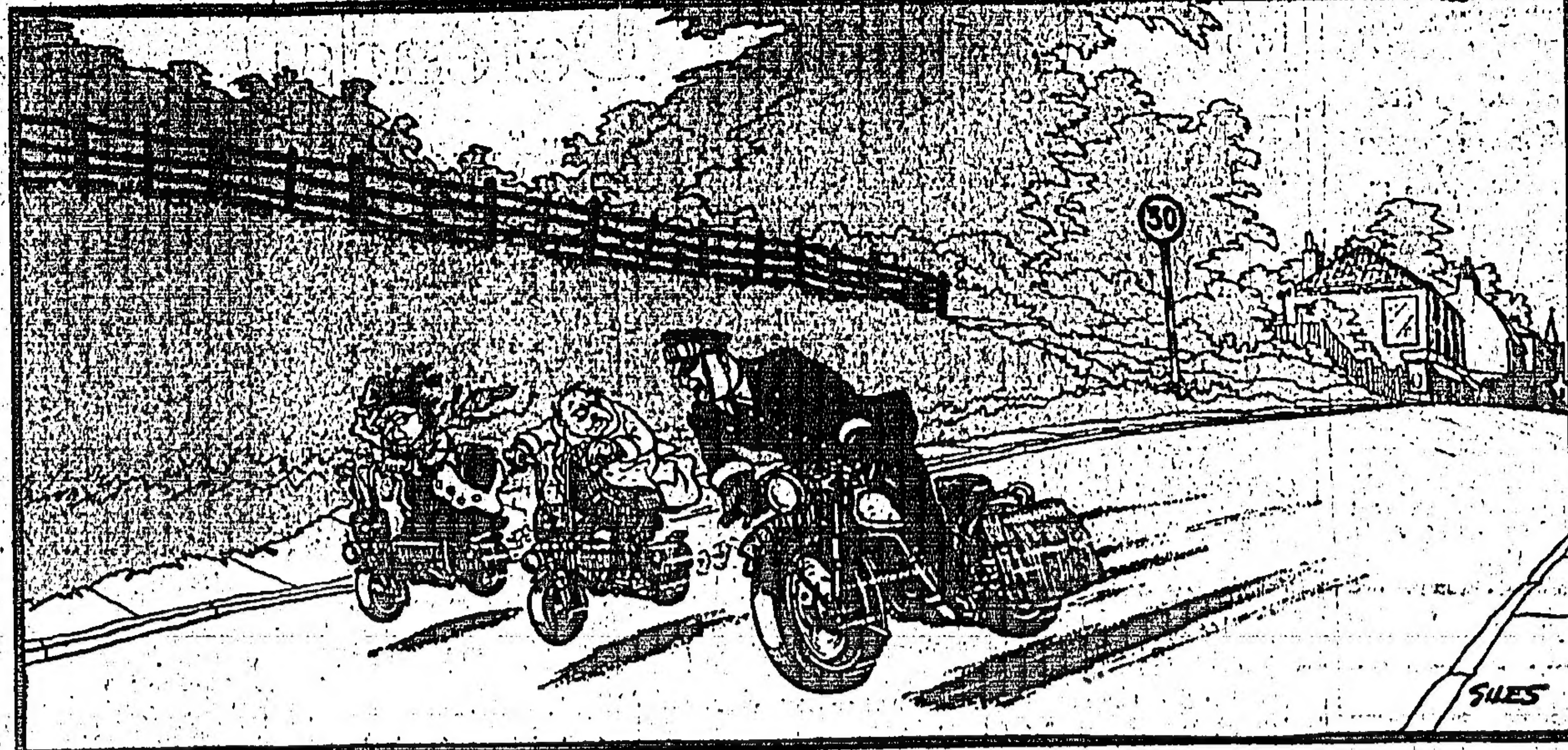
For, in the last dozen years and under as many aliases, Joe has stolen nearly 100 cars and committed practically every sort of traffic offence in the book. "Cars," says the magistrate, "with almost British understatement as he holds Joe under the ball, 'seem to have been your downfall.'"

A CRUEL taskmaster is minding American men refuse the potato chips and blueberry pie which they could never before resist.

Its name—TV. Fat men tend to look fatter on the screen. Sherman Billingsley, proprietor of New York's Stork Club, has shed 30lb. since TV has called him roly poly.

Next month 24 of Britain's New Elizabethans will sail to Greenland to find the answers to these questions.

Their expedition has cost £100,000 to finance, and the first



"Hold tight! Here's Geoff Duke right behind you—pull over to the kerb."

London Express Service

## Has the NEW PRISON SYSTEM BEEN A FAILURE?

LIONEL WRAY FOX is 57, and lives in the suburban quiet of Purley, Surrey. But his life's work has been in the Criminal Division of the Home Office, and for the past ten years he has been chairman of the Prison Commission, intimately responsible for the running of Britain's 59 gaols.

Last week-end Mr Fox told us just where our modern penal system is succeeding—and failing. He did it in the first report on the system since its reform by the Criminal Justice Act, 1948.

That Act abolished penal servitude with all its legacy of oakum-picking, stone-breaking, and solitary confinement. "Hard labour" was no more.

Instead came an extension of the new vogue in criminal treatment—corrective training or preventive detention. It is being tried on the toughest criminals of all, the hard core of crime—the persistent offenders.

### Disappointments

THE Criminal Justice Act also attempted a more enlighten-

"The English Prison and Borstal Systems" (Hutchinson and Kegan Paul, 30s.).

### PRISON NOTES...

● **CELL WINDOWS:** Once they were 8ft. 9in. above floor level. The newest type are 5ft. up. "It is no longer thought wrong that a prisoner should be able to look out from his window."

● **WOMEN PRISONERS** may now have a choice of four colours for their frocks, in a "zephyr" material, to a normal though uniform design. They may wear their own corsets and brassieres.

● **THE TOBACCO BARON:** "Tobacco, or the lack of it,

ed treatment of young offenders. The "possibilities" of the Borstal boy must be discovered, and he must be instilled with an idea of the right way to live, in the theory behind it all. With what success?

Mr Fox, in making his report, is compelled to record many disappointments.

When the new Act came into force there was but a trickle of persistent offenders. Now the trickle is a torrent.

Sadly Mr Fox says: "We are concerned with nearly 7,200 men and 400 women who present the failure of the penal system in general and the prison system in particular."

### A 'cushy' job

UNDER the new scheme prisoners are asked to co-operate in their rehabilitation. Each is given a card which aims to make him understand why he was sentenced and what may happen if he persists in crime.

But many of these prisoners, declares Mr Fox, simply look upon the Act as designed to "soften up" conditions for them. They expect a "cushy" job while under-corrective detention, demanding "to be cooks in winter and gardeners in summer."

And very, very often the same people, after being given a kit of tools on discharge and getting a job, appear in court the following week still pleading that they "never had a chance."

### Cell windows—eye level

leads to more corruption, secret and overt violence, and general bad feeling and evil conduct than almost any other aspect of prison life. The tobacco baron, who holds the key of his cell and holds up who have been led into borrowing, is a menacing feature of the unsavoury underlife of all too many prisons."

● **THE PRISON GOVERNOR:** The time is long past when the post of a prison governor was a suitable niche for the retired officer with the reputation of "a good disciplinarian."

land's ice cap manning the longest—and the coldest—weather station in the world—800 miles from the North Pole, at a height of 9,000ft.

At times the temperature will be 80 degrees below zero.

For warmth and protection from 100 miles an hour blizzards they will go "underground" for the winter, digging living rooms, store rooms and communicating tunnels out of the compressed snow.

When the weather clears R.A.F. planes directed to the camp by a homing beacon, are to drop food supplies.

The 100 tons of equipment which the expedition is taking

AFTER 4 YEARS, LIONEL W. FOX, THE MAN WHO SHOULD KNOW MOST ABOUT BRITAIN'S GAOLS, BRINGS OUT HIS REPORT

Where successes are achieved, and persistent offenders have been willing to learn a trade, trades unions often fail to co-operate in finding them jobs, and many employers still have the immovable prejudice against the ex-convict.

Consider Borstal, for example. Once the method was to hammer the boy into the right shape. Later he was kneaded like a lump of putty. Now the idea is not to break or knead him but to study him as an individual, letting him stay in a place, run something like a fairly grim public school.

Mr Fox cannot yet tell us if the new methods are succeeding. The most he can offer is the hope that when 1950 and 1951 come to be assessed "they will show that Borstal has fought its way back at least to its pre-war standard."

A recent improvement, he warns, may not last.... Dealing with the insolent and unashamed young postwar criminal.

### ILLEGAL OBJECTS:

The most remarkable cell find in recent years was a radio made out of telephone equipment smuggled in from a workshop. The officer who discovered it commented: "The poor chap was wasting his time because he could only get the Third Programme."

● **THE RULE OF SILENCE** has been abolished. "On parade, during meals, recreation and exercise and on educational occasions talking is quite unrestricted."

nals of 21 to 30. Mr Fox says: "The salvage of this war-corroded generation from lives of habitual crime is a terrible responsibility for the prison system of today."

As for the under-21s—an even more distressing problem—there was a slight drop in numbers during the first two years after the Act, but much younger people were all the time resorting to vicious crime.

It is depressing to read of the "brutally limited space" of our out-of-date prisons. There is no prison in England more recent than the 19th century.

In October 1951 there were 22,500 people in gaol, the highest figure ever recorded. Today the total stands at nearly 24,000. Men are sleeping three in a cell.

The chairman of the Prison Commission, however, does not present a picture entirely without hope and light.

He tells us how "homely" some of the old lags have made their cells, what pride they take in keeping them spick and span.

### Happy Borstals

HE tells of the happy atmosphere of many Borstals, and chronicles the dogged enterprise of Hollesley Bay, one of the largest of modern Borstals.

"At least since the days of the Empire, men have embarked on the shores of the Wash to reclaim rich Lincolnshire land from the sea-marsh.... Today Britain, he believes, still leads a thriving little colony of about

100 boys still toil in the deep mud and bitter winds to add to the peat-banks and create some 200 acres of the "richest land in the country."

And he quotes this letter to the prison governors from the parents of a young woman offender recently released: "We would like to express our appreciation for your sympathetic consideration towards our daughter."

"We are quite certain that had your attitude been more in keeping with what one usually associates with prison life, she would have come back to us very much the worse for her experiences."

"Instead we find the shining light of an unbroken spirit and renewed faith in humanity."

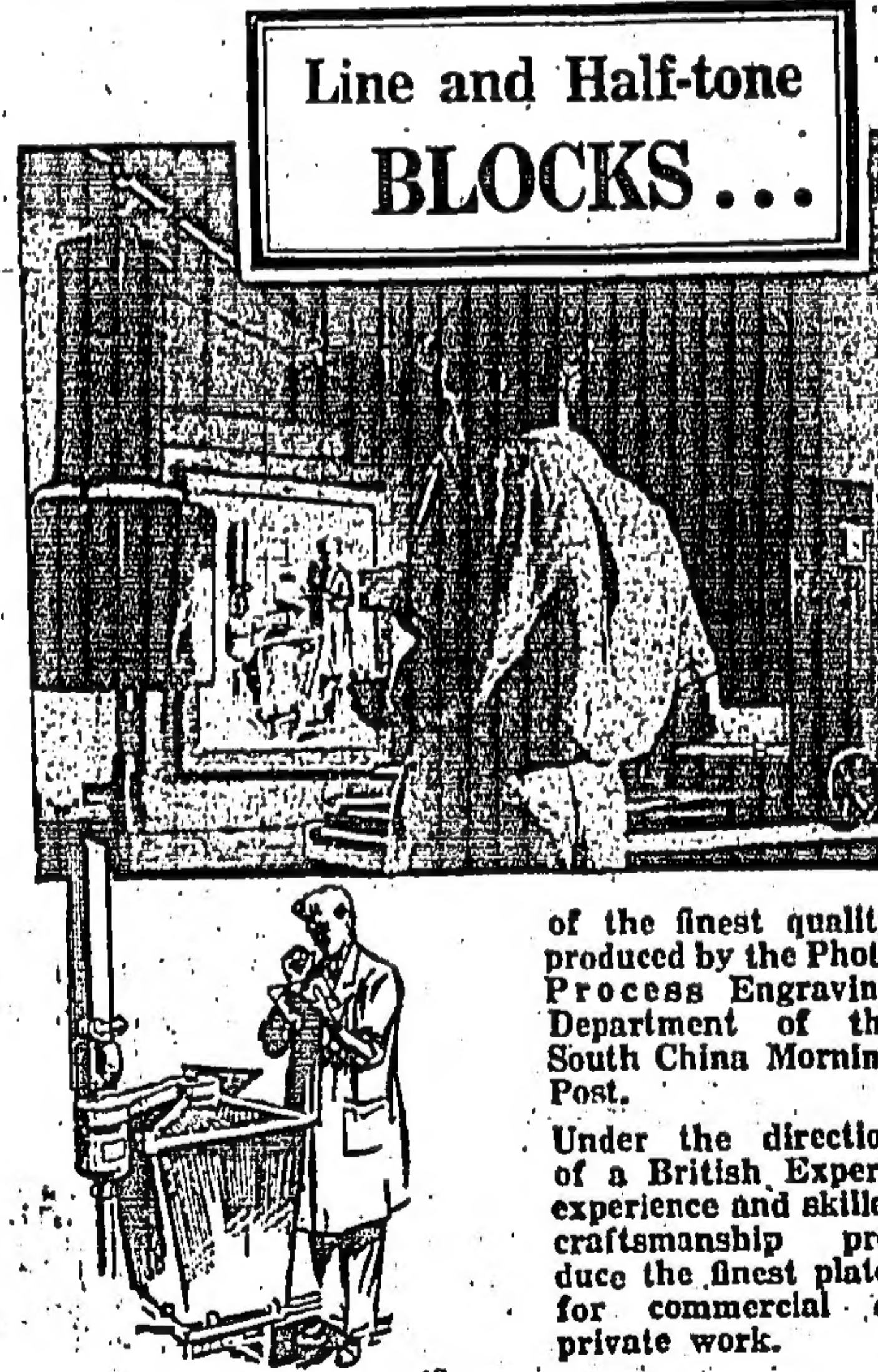
### No softening

NOW, how does Lionel Fox himself view the new era of intelligent kindness ushered in by the Criminal Justice Act? He betrays no sentimental softening towards the brutal and deliberate wrongdoers whom he sees in the workshops of a tough London prison: "I have a quick and painful impression that here are the right men in the right place."

But when he sees first offenders or watchmen men working in one of the new training schools he asks himself: "Why are these men there?"

And he is convinced that the history of crime shows that a policy of uniform deterrent severity has never worked from the sea-marsh.... Today Britain, he believes, still leads a thriving little colony of about

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**New Elizabethans On An Ice Cap**

IS Greenland—1,600 miles long, between 700 and 800 miles wide—the largest island in the world? Or is it made up of other islands and seas which are hidden? How deep is the great ice cap, which covers nine-tenths of the island?

At what rate are the glaciers melting? Are their waters likely to flood the world's ports?

Next month 24 of Britain's New Elizabethans will sail to Greenland to find the answers to these questions.

Their expedition has cost £100,000 to finance, and the first

£1,000 was contributed by Mr Churchill.

News of discoveries will be radioed to the London headquarters and passed to the Queen, who is the patron of the expedition.

Leader of the party is 40-year-old Courland J. W. Simpson, D.S.O., R.N., who has reconnoitred the land approaches and a site for a base camp.

With him will go 23 officers and men chosen from the Services and universities. All are in the 20s. They will spend a year in the Arctic Circle.

Three of the men will spend twelve months on top of Greenland's ice cap, and the first

land's ice cap manning the longest—and the coldest—weather station in the world—800 miles from the North Pole, at a height of 9,000ft.

At times the temperature will be 80 degrees below zero.

For warmth and protection from 100 miles an hour blizzards they will go "underground" for the winter, digging living rooms, store rooms and communicating tunnels out of the compressed snow.

When the weather clears R.A.F. planes directed to the camp by a homing beacon, are to drop food supplies.

The 100 tons of equipment which the expedition is taking

includes special seismic apparatus for measuring the depth of the ice cap.

By using a technique similar to that used by oil prospectors, they hope to get echoes from the bedrock beneath the two-mile-thick ice.

As well as their professional qualifications, each man is an experienced mountaineer.

They are men able to live together under confined and hazardous conditions. "We had to pick the unselfish sort of chap, men who have sweet tempers," said Commander Simpson.

**Richard Jones**

**Caster...a fine sugar of superfine quality**

Available from all shops and stores

**PURE, WHITE CRYSTALS HYGIENICALLY PACKED**

**TAIKOO SUGAR**

**caster**

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE (Straits Settlements) Ltd.**











## Rich Workers Help Build Helsinki Airport

Helsinki, June 26. Wealthy Finns convicted of motoring offences helped by hard labour to build a big new airport 18 miles outside Helsinki which was opened today in time for handling the heaviest of the coming Olympic Games traffic.

For these men of money there was no question of the option of a fine if found guilty of traffic violations. They were given hard labour on the Olympic Airport.

The Airport has a runway more than a mile long which will be lengthened later to allow craft weighing up to 70 tons to land.

During the Games, opening next month, all heavy planes will land there, leaving Helsinki old airport to handle the light traffic.

All tickets have now been sold for the opening ceremony of the Games on July 19 in the 70,000-seat Olympic Stadium.

The first Olympic event to produce a complete sell out is the final of the boxing for which every ticket has already gone.

All tickets have also been sold for several of the days of the track events in the Stadium.

### FEEDING PROBLEM

One of the main problems exercising the minds of the Finnish authorities today is how to feed the tens of thousands who are expected to invade the city for the 15th Olympiad. It is estimated that not more than 50,000 can be served in the restaurants of the city at one sitting.

Accordingly, meals will be served in shifts while there will also be special canteens, communal meals in schools and snack kiosks.

Already "Hot Dog" notices can be seen in cafes.

Later, a special shipment of America's national soft drink, Coca Cola, is expected.

A lot of food is to be imported, specially fruits and green vegetables to meet the tastes of the thousands of foreigners expected to invade the country.—Reuter.

## ORDERS FOR CIVIL AID SERVICES

Orders by the Hon. C.E. Terry, Commissioner, Civil Aid Service, of June 27 1952.

Command Post Training, Hong Kong—All members Watch No. 2 attend 5.30 p.m. Thursday, July 3 at Hongkong Control Room.

Command Post Training, Kowloon—All members Blue Watch attend 6 p.m. Thursday, July 3 at Kowloon Command Post.

The Warden Service—Orders by Mr. E. Manning, Acting Chief Warden, of June 27 1952. Examination Board—With reference to Order No. 3 of C.A.S. Orders dated June 20, 1952, it is notified for general information that Mr. Ho Tze-sin is appointed as Secretary of the Board of Examiners.

Training, Warden Service—Classes of instruction for Wardens will be held as follows during the week beginning June 30, 1952.

Course No. C/2, St. Joseph's College, Friday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Raymond Yee Tze Chow.

Course No. C/2, St. Joseph's College, Friday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Daniel K.M. Lok.

Course No. W/1 and W/2, Bellows Public School, Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. U/1, Civil Aid Services Office, Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. B/1, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/1, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/1, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/1, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/1, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/1, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/1, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/2, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/2, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/2, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/2, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/3, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/2, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/2, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/2, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/3, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/3, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/3, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/3, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/4, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/3, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/3, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/3, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/4, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/4, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/4, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/4, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/5, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/4, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/4, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/4, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/5, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/5, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/5, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/5, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/6, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/5, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/5, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/5, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/6, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/6, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/6, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/6, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/7, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/6, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/6, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/6, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/7, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/7, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/7, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/7, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/8, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/7, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/7, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/7, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/8, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/8, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/8, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/8, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/9, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/8, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/8, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/8, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/9, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/9, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/9, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/9, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/10, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/9, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/9, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/9, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/10, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/10, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/10, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/10, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/11, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/10, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/10, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/10, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/11, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/11, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/11, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/11, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/12, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/11, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/11, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/11, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/12, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/12, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/12, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/12, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/13, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/12, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/12, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/12, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/13, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/13, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/13, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/13, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/14, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/13, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/13, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/13, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/14, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/14, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/14, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/14, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/15, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/14, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/14, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/14, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/15, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/15, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/15, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/15, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/16, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/15, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/15, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/15, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/16, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/16, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/16, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/16, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/17, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/16, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/16, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/16, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/17, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/17, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/17, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/17, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/18, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/17, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/17, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/17, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/18, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/18, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/18, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/18, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/19, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/18, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/18, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/18, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/19, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/19, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/19, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/19, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/20, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.

Course No. T/19, St. Andrew's Church Hall, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. H.C. Lau.

Course No. K/19, Lok Sin Tong Free School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ho Chik-man.

Course No. V/19, Wah Yan College, Kowloon, Monday and Thursday, at 6 p.m., Instructor Mr. To Lai.

Course No. W/20, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Fung Yuen-leung.

Course No. B/20, Queen's College, Friday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lam Yee-choi.

Course No. Q/20, Tai Koo Chinese School, Quarry Bay Village, Monday and Thursday, at 7.30 p.m., Instructor Mr. Ng Pak-chuen.

Course No. E/20, Queen's College, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m., Instructor Mr. Lo Yuen-yan.

Course No. W/21, King George V School, Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., Instructor Mr. Eric Tang.



# BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 27th June
"BOKOR"	Saloon	5 p.m. 27th June
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 28th June
"FOOCHOW"	Djakarta, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	5 p.m. 30th June
"HUPEN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 1st July
"SHANSHI"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 1st July
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore & Penang	10 a.m. 4th July
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 5th July
"SINKIANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 10th July
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 11th July
"FUKIEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 12th July
Sails from Custodian Wharf		
ARRIVALS FROM		
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 27th June
"HUPEN"	Tientsin	7 a.m. 28th June
"FOOCHOW"	Kobe	7 a.m. 28th June
"SHANSHI"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 28th June
"VOCHOW"	Sibu & Pnompenh	10 a.m. 30th June
"HANYANG"	Bangkok	7th July
"SINKIANG"	Singapore	7th July
"FUKIEN"	Mol	9th July

## A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne	Noon 1st July
"ANSHUN"	Japan	7th July
"CHANGTE"	Japan	23rd July
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	25th July
ARRIVALS FROM		
"CHANGSHA"	Mol	7 a.m. 26th June
"ANSHUN"	New Zealand, Brisbane & Manila	3rd July
"CHANGTE"	Australia & Manila	20th July
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	21st July

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"BELLEROPHON"	Casablanca, Liverpool & Dublin	28th June
"CYCLOPS"	Jeddah, London & Hamburg	3rd July
"PELEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th July
"ANCHISES"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	27th July
"AUTOLYCUS"	Casablanca, Liverpool & Dublin	28th July

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails	Arrives
G. "AUTOLYCUS" Liverpool	28th June
S. "ANCHISES" do	11th July
G. "PATROCLOS" do	17th July
S. "CLYTONEUS" do	24th July
G. "ASTYANAX" do	31st July
S. "AENEAS" 5th July	10th Aug.
G. "PERSEUS" 12th July	17th Aug.
S. "ASCANIUS" 18th July	23rd Aug.
G. "AGAMENOR" 25th July	30th Aug.

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool.  
S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool.  
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

## DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM  
U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS  
"MANGALORE" 2nd July  
"MENESTHEUS" 16th July

## Lat Pau Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K.
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Mon. Thurs. 6.45 a.m. Tues. Fri.	on return
HK/Hanoi/Hatphong (DC-3)	11.00 a.m. Tues. 3.30 p.m. Wed.	10.45 a.m. Tues. 6.45 p.m. Wed.
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	9.00 a.m. Tues. Fri. 4.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.	

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CONNAUGHT RD. C Tel 3033/8  
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West, 25875/32144/24878

# BEN LINE

## ARRIVALS

FROM	DUE
"BENVEG" Sandakan	27th June
"BENLOMOND" U.K. via B.N. Borneo	4th July
"BENVORLICH" Japan	on or abt. 9th July
"BENALBANACH" U.K. via Singapore	23rd July
"BENAVON" U.K. via Singapore	30th July
"BENVENUE" Japan	12th Aug.
"BENALBANACH" Japan	27th Aug.

## SAILINGS

FROM	DUE
"BENLOMOND" London, Rotterdam and Hamburg	8th July
"BENVORLICH" Direct to Singapore, thence Avonmouth, Liverpool, Rotterdam and Hull	9th July
"BENALBANACH" Kure, Yokohama, and Kobe	25th July
"BENAVON" Havre, London and Rotterdam	4th Aug.
"BENVENUE" Direct to Singapore, thence Avonmouth, Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg and Antwerp	12th Aug.
"BENALBANACH" Direct to Singapore, thence Avonmouth, Liverpool, Rotterdam and Antwerp	27th Aug.

† Calls Manila and Cebu.  
All Vessels except Cargo for Aden, Soc and Port Said.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.  
Agents Telephone: 34165

# CHINA MAIL

## HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

Price, 20 cents per copy. Saturdays 30 cents. Subscription: \$6.00 per month.

Postage: China and Macao \$3.00 per month. U.K. and other countries \$1.00 per month. News contributions always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary. Telephone: 1644 (3 Lines). KOWLOON OFFICE: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 5233.

## Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20 Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA

If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

## BIRTHS

McDONALD—To Kathleen, wife of C. McDonald, of June 23, 1952, at Queen Mary Hospital, a son, Brian.

## TUITION GIVEN

HALLROOM DANCING — is your social asset? Popular, "New easy" way to learn. Apply now! Tony Wong, 99, WONGNEICHONG ROAD.

## To ADVERTISERS

SUNDAY POST-HERALD Space for commercial advertising should be booked not later than noon on Wednesdays.

For the SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST and the CHINA MAIL, 48 hours before date of publication.

Special Announcements and Classified Advertisements as usual.

## REMOVAL NOTICE

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB. As from Monday, 30th June, 1952, the Secretariat and Treasurers Offices of the Club will be situated at ALEXANDRA HOUSE, 8th Floor.

## Telephone Numbers

Alexandra House  
Secretary 27008  
Assistant Secretary 27879  
Main Exchange 37006  
to 37009

## Telephone House

Comptroller's Dept. 21424

The collection of Members' accounts and the sale of Cash Sweep tickets will, however, be continued at Telephone House, 1st Floor, until further notice.

The Secretariat and Treasurers offices in Telephone House will be closed on Saturday, 28th June, 1952.

By Order, H. MISA, Secretary.

25th June, 1952.

## NOTICE

Messrs. LANGDON & EVERY, F.F.R.I.C.S., Chartered Quantity Surveyors and Loss Assessors, have now moved to

ALEXANDRA HOUSE, Room 1101 (11th floor) Tel. No. 38685 as before.

## BUSINESS REGULATION ORDINANCE 1952

Copies of the prescribed Forms 1(a) 1(b) and 1(c) Now On Sale at S. C. M. Post, Ltd. Hongkong and Kowloon

TEN CENTS EACH

## Posthumous Promotion

Paris, June 26. The National Assembly today approved the posthumous elevation of Philippe Leclerc de Hautecloque to the dignity of Marshal of France.

The Government approved awarding the title to General Leclerc at the same time that it was conferred on Alphonse Juin.

Parliamentary approval was required for the Leclerc nomination, however.

Today's sanction in the National Assembly was taken unanimously. Approval by the Council of the Republic, advisory Upper House of the French Parliament, is expected later this week. —Associated Press.

## OFFICIAL NOTICE

Proposal to change a Ship's name.

We, Wo Fat Sing, Limited of No. 81 Wing Lok Street, Hongkong, hereby give notice that in consequence of change of Ownership, we have applied to the Minister of Transport, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the Steamship, "BULAN" of HONG KONG REGISTRY

Official Number 147900 Gross tonnage 1047.77 tons Register tonnage 441.97 tons, heretofore owned by Wo Fat Sing, Limited for permission to change her name to "SUNON" and to have her registered in the new name at the Port of HONG KONG as owned by Wo Fat Sing, Limited.

Any objection to the proposed change of name must be sent to the REGISTRAR OF SHIPPING at HONG KONG within SEVEN days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at HONG KONG the 24th day of June, 1952.

WO FAT SING, LIMITED.

LI LAN SANG, Managing Director.

Hongkong, 25th June, 1952.

## London Talks On Far East

London, June 26. The French Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, arrived here by train tonight to take part in tomorrow's talks with the Foreign Ministers of Britain and the United States.

In the morning they will discuss the Western Powers' reply to the Russian note on the unification of Germany.

In the afternoon the three statesmen will survey problems of the Far East—particularly the containment of Communism in Indo-China and Malaya.

M. Jean Letourneau, the French Minister Resident in Indo-China, will also take part in the talks.

Mr. Ashton leaves for Berlin on Saturday afternoon, and M. Schuman is also expected to return home over the week-end. —Reuter.

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# P&O B.I. & A. COMPANIES

## PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

### PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CANTON"	26th May	30th June
"CARTIAGE"	26th June	16th July
"CORFU"	26th July	26th August

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	4th July	4th August
"CARTIAGE"	1st August	1st September
"CORFU"	25th August	25th September

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London

### FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Arrives	From
"SOUDAN"	29th June	U. K. Continent, via Straits
"SHILLONG"	9th July	do —
Homewards	Loading	For
"SOMALI"	27th June	U.K. & Continent via Straits, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa & Marseilles

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

## BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"SANTHA"	In Port calls 27th June	from Japan for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta
"WARORA"	due 28th June calls 30th June	from Japan for Singapore & Calcutta
"SANGOLA"	due 3rd July calls 4th July	from Calcutta, Rangoon, Penang & Singapore for Japan

(These vessels have refrigerated cargo space)

## P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"OLINDA"	due 1st July calls 3rd July	from Japan for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & P. Gulf
"UMARIA"	due 14th July calls 16th July	from Japan for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf

## EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

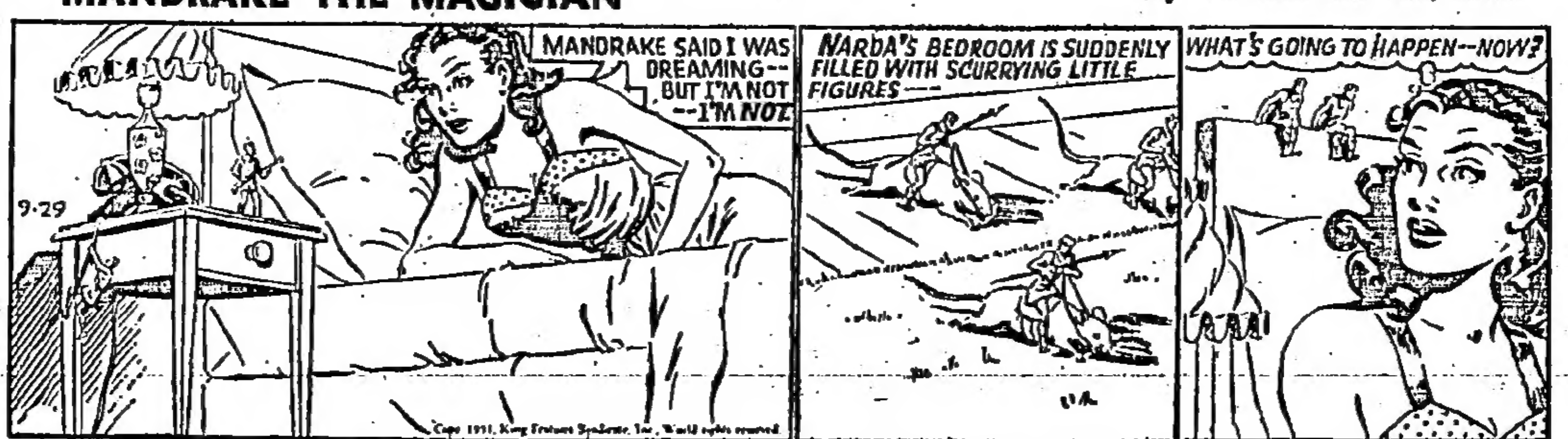
"NELLORE"	due 27th June	from Australia via Japan
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to  
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.  
OF HONG KONG LTD.  
Telephone Nos. 27721-4

## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

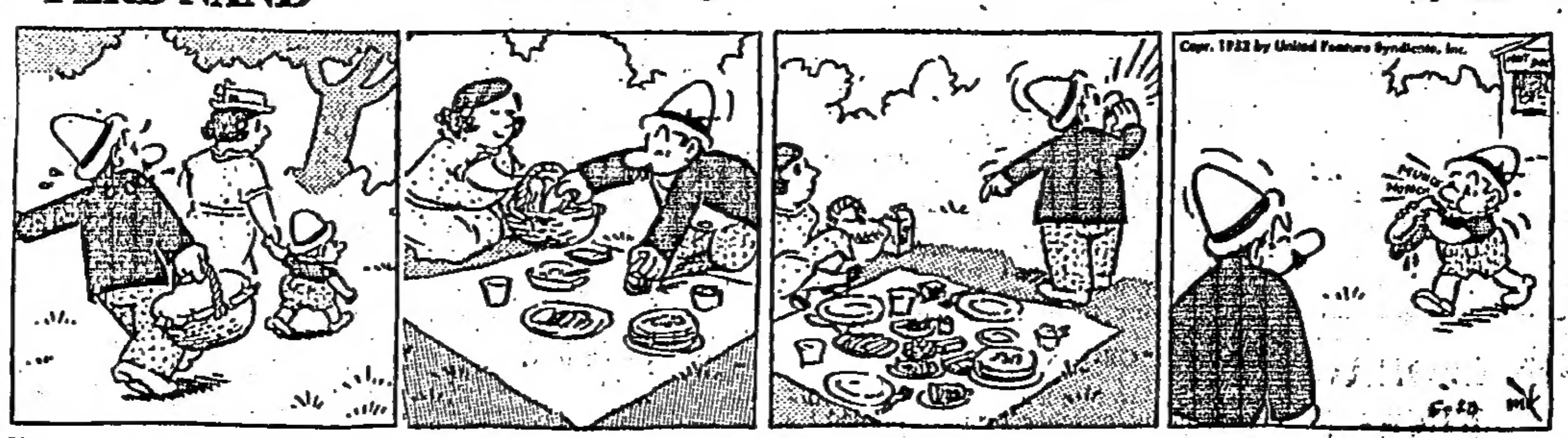
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



## FERD'NAND

Food For Thought

By Milk



## NANCY

What A Break!

By Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



## AMERICAN WARSHIPS FOR JAPAN

Washington, June 26. The Senate Armed Forces Committee today unanimously voted a bill providing for a loan of 68 United States warships to Japan with which to establish a Japanese coast guard force. The ships will be lent for a period of five years renewable at Japan's request. Some of the ships according to the Acting Committee Chairman, Senator Carl Mundt, are now stationed in the region of Japan following their return to the United States authorities by



## MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



Arriving	Leaving	Outward For
"BIR HAKEM" June 25	July 1	Japan
"LA MARSEILLAISE" June 29	July 5	Kobe & Yokohama
"MEKONG" July 15	July 21	Japan

In Port	Outward For
"MONKAY" June 28	N. Africa & Europe
"LA MARSEILLAISE" July 11	Marseilles via Saigon
"BIR HAKEM" Aug. 3	N. Africa & Europe
"MEKONG" Aug. 8	N. Africa & Europe

For Passenger and Freight.  
 † freight for Saigon, Alexandria, Tunis, Genoa, Marseilles, Algiers, Oran, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp, Rotterdam & all Mediterranean ports via Marseilles and West Africa by Transshipment. Madagascar by transshipment in Saigon or Djibouti. Subject to Change Without Notice.

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES  
 P.O. Box 53, Hongkong  
 Queen's Building (gr. floor) Tel. 26651 (3 lines).

## EVERETT LINES

## EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast cargo and passenger service refrigeration space available for Korea, Japan, China, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Burma and East Coast Indian Ports.

## "NOREVERETT"

Arrives June 30 from Manila.  
 Sails July 1 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.

## "BRADEVERETT"

Arrives July 8 from Singapore.  
 Sails July 9 for Japan.

## EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast cargo and refrigeration spaces available for Korea, Japan, China, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Ceylon, West Coast Indian and Persian Gulf Ports.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION

## M.S. "STAR BETELGEUSE"

In Port Loading  
 Sailing June 27 for Singapore, Penang, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Basrah & Bahrain.

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A

Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.

Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

## Commons Queries On Processing Of Japanese Cloth

London, June 25.

The President of the Board of Trade, Mr Peter Thorneycroft, asked in the House of Commons by Lieut.-Col. W. Schofield (Conservative) whether he was aware of the alarm caused to many cotton spinners and manufacturers by his decision to extend the markets to which Japanese cloth brought to Britain for processing might be re-exported, said he had had no complaints.

Mr Thorneycroft pointed out that the issue of new licences to import Japanese cotton and rayon grey cloth is at present suspended. There are, however, importers already holding licences granted on their undertaking to re-export these goods to certain markets after processing in this country.

"My decision to consider any such individual cases for re-exporting the goods to a limited number of additional markets was intended to help move the present heavy stocks and so clear the way for new orders for Lancashire cloth. Each application will be considered with this object in view."

"I am not aware that alarm has been caused by this decision, which has been taken in the best interests of the Lancashire cotton industry as a whole."

The present time is very great indeed, particularly in Lancashire where spindles and looms are stopped for want of orders? Will my right honourable Friend bear that in mind?

Mr Thorneycroft: I will certainly bear in mind the points made. There is, in fact, only one such case. The Manchester Chamber of Commerce were informed of what was happening, and I certainly had no complaints from them. Express Service.

## LONDON TIN MARKET

London, June 26.  
 The tin market was steady this morning with a turnover of 80 tons, of which 20 tons were for cash. Prices closed at the end of the official morning session as follows:

Spot tin, buyers	609 1/2
Spot tin, sellers	610
Three-month tin, buyers	610 1/2
Three-month tin, sellers	611
Business done at	609-609 1/2
Settlement	610

## World Demand For Rubber

London, June 26.  
 World demand for rubber during 1952 is expected to exceed the estimated supply by 635,000 tons, according to statistics issued today by the Rubber Study Group Secretariat.

It is estimated that 5,525,000 tons will be needed during the year from estimated production of 1,699,000 tons compared with 1,880,000 tons in 1951. —Reuter.

## HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$174,340.15. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES

BANKS

East Asia ... 141

INSURANCES

Canton ... 220

Union ... 725

DOCKS, ETC.

K. Wharf ... 71 1/2

Doek ... 17.10 17.40

Provident ... 40.00

Whitlock ... 40 1/2

LAND, ETC.

11K Lot ... 0.70

11K Lot ... 200 @ 41

11K Lot ... 13.25

11K Lot ... 1.25

UTILITIES

11K Lot ... 15.90

11K Lot ... 1600 @ 10

11K Lot ... 8.30

11K Lot ... 8.40

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## Israel In The Throes Of Severe Economic Crisis

## MIS-SPENT DOLLARS THE MAIN CAUSE

Tel-Aviv, June 25.

Israel is now in the grip of a severe economic crisis. The recent compulsory loan of 10 per cent of all cash holdings in the country, and reported plans for a further capital levy following on the unsuccessful request for a £5 million British loan to buy oil, are evidence of the emergency expedients now being tried to maintain Israel's solvency at home and abroad.

The foundation of the new State and the influx within four years of 700,000 immigrants, thus doubling the original Jewish population, have obviously created serious economic problems.

These have been made worse by the initial war against the Arabs and the subsequent maintenance of a large and expensive army. But these difficulties have been exaggerated to some extent and experienced observers in Tel-Aviv believe that Israel's troubles must be attributed in part to domestic mismanagement.

The Arab oil blockade is not a serious factor in Israel's present fuel difficulties. It does not cut off oil supplies to Israel; it merely makes them rather more expensive.

The number of new immigrants does not, in fact, exceed the number of Arabs who left the country and whose land, houses, workshops and other property are now in Jewish hands. Immigration is now reduced to a comparative trickle of about 1,500 a month, as only "selective" instead of mass immigration is now being officially encouraged.

AMBITIOUS SCHEMES At the same time foreign money, chiefly dollars, has been pouring into the country. In addition to Arab property left behind, Israel, with a present population of still under 1,500,000, has received in the past four years over \$700 million in foreign gifts, loans and sterling releases, apart from foreign investment and immigrant capital.

But this considerable flow of foreign exchange has been too lavishly spent on ambitious capital development schemes without sufficient regard for import of raw materials, fuel such as oil, and essential consumer goods, or for the development of exports.

The positive results of this expenditure can be seen all over the country, but especially in the bigger towns, in new factories, roads, housing estates, farm settlements and machinery. The negative effects are a severe inflation which has reduced the Israeli pound, once on a par with sterling, to a small value of about five shillings. Production from exports to a booming home market and created all the paradoxical inequalities of a controlled economy in which the controls do not really work.

BIG BLACK MARKET There is a flourishing black market and considerable tax evasion. Official austerity hits inflation's usual victims, the honest citizen or unlucky people on fixed incomes. A skilled worker whose official wage rate is three Israeli pounds a day may earn up to ten pounds daily under private arrangement without paying tax on the surplus. Since the beginning of this year, increases in the official cost-of-living allowances have raised even the official wage rates by 35 Israeli pounds a month.

New factories are often idle or on short time owing to lack of imported raw materials. In spite of a big expansion of industrial capacity, Israel now appears to be exporting less (allowing for currency devaluation and equivalent territory under the Mandate). The country's staple export, citrus, has been neglected until recently owing to official middle and lack of skilled agricultural labour. New immigrants, who often lack either the training or inclination for agriculture, tend to flock to the towns where wages are higher and living easier than in farming.

RECORD GRAIN HARVEST Nevertheless, great efforts are being made to increase farm output, especially of grain, by mechanization and intensive farming. Helped by good weather, a record grain harvest has been reaped in the northern Negev this year. This and other native measures to develop the country's limited natural resources, especially its minerals, will help eventually to reduce dependence on imports.

How far the present heavy capital investment will in time make Israel self-supporting is difficult to assess, however, owing to complicating political, social and military factors. Many farming settlements, for example, have been established for political and strategic as much as economic reasons, especially along the frontiers.

## Japanese Traders Find The Going Hard

Tokyo, June 26.

Japan's import and export firms, which had expected to do good business overseas following the restoration of independence, are feeling the effects of continued dullness in their activities abroad.

Firms had set up overseas branch offices hoping for good business after Japan's independence. Unexpectedly, however, their branch offices and agencies have tended to shrink, and they have been obliged to send back some of the members of their staffs to Japan.

At the end of May, the number of overseas branch offices and agencies of Japanese firms totalled 47, including 18 in New York, 16 in Karachi, Bangkok, Bombay, and other South-East Asian countries. Many of these branch offices are contemplating a further cut in their overseas personnel.

The principal reason for this phenomenon is apparently the current stagnant trade in the whole world. However, according to informed sources, there are other reasons for the situation. Double tax burdens could have been avoided if tax agreements and pacts of commerce and navigation had been quickly concluded with the United States and other South-East Asian countries.

A corporate tax is imposed on overseas branch offices of Japanese traders by both the Japanese Government and the foreign countries.

Some Japanese overseas branches, in an attempt to avoid double taxation, have established themselves as an independent organization under the laws of the country in which they are situated.

Such "independent" corporations set up by the Japanese numbered 14 at the end of May, with five more such firms being planned, —France Press.

## The Rubber Markets

Singapore, June 26.

Prices of rubber futures closed today as follows: Number 1 rubber, per lb. July ... 97 1/2-98 August ... 97 1/2-98 September ... 97 1/2-98 Number 2 rubber, July ... 95 1/2-96 August ... 95 1/2-96 September ... 95 1/2-96 Number 3 rubber, July ... 94 1/2-95 August ... 94 1/2-95 September ... 94 1/2-95 Spot rubber, unbleached ... 97 1/2-98 Blanket crepe ... 114-115 No. 1 pale crepe ... —United Press.

## NEW YORK MARKET

New York, June 26.

Prices of rubber futures closed today 25 to 35 higher with sales totalling 186 contracts. Dealers covering and the higher trend on the primary markets shaped the price trend. Prices closed today as follows: September ... 82.00 October ... 81.24 nominal November ... 80.00 December ... 79.00 January (1953) ... 78.21 nominal February ... 77.00 nominal March ... 76.00 nominal April ... 75.00 nominal May ... 74.00 nominal June ... 73.00 nominal July ... 72.00 nominal August ... 71.00 nominal September ... 70.00 nominal —United Press.

## LONDON MARKET

London, June 26.

Prices of rubber futures closed today as follows: Number 1 rubber, in pence per lb. ... 29 1/2-30 August ... 29 1/2-30 September ... 29 1/2-30 October/December ... 27 1/2-28 January/February ... 26 1/2-27 April/June ... 25 1/2 nominal —United Press.

## Cotton Prices In New York

New York, June 26.

Prices of cotton futures closed today as follows: Spot ... 40.15 July ... 39.75-40.00 August ... 39.75-40.00 September ... 39.75-40.00 October ... 39.75-40.00 —United Press.

## NEW ORLEANS MARKET

New Orleans, June 26.

Prices of cotton futures closed today as follows: Spot ... 39.75-40.00 July ... 39.75-40.00 August ... 39.75-40.00 September ... 39.75-40.00 October ... 39.75-40.00 —United Press.

## JAPANESE BONDS

Japanese bonds

"A" (4% of 1899) ... 78 "B" (4% of 1910) ... 68 1/2 "C" (4% of 1907) ... 110 "D" (5% of 1934) ... 88 "E" (5 1/2% of 1934) ... 127 Consols ... 60 1/2 —United Press.

## Royal INTEROCEAN LINES

## SAILINGS

"TIWANGI"	July 2	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TABMAN"	July 3	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 8	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 8	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 9	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 9	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli	Japan (via Manila)
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
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"TIWANGI"	July 10	Djakarta, Cirebon, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Penang & S. Africa
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Manila, Singapore, Mauritius, S. Africa & S. America	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TIWANGI"	July 10	Singapore, Djakarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
"TIWANGI"			



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